FOR YOUR SAFETY

If you smell gas:

- 1. Open windows.
- 2. DO NOT try to light any appliance.
- 3. DO NOT use electrical switches.
- 4. DO NOT use any telephone in your building.
- 5. Leave the building.
- 6. Immediately call your local gas supplier after leaving the building. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- 7. If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the Fire Department.

A WARNING



Fire Hazard

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

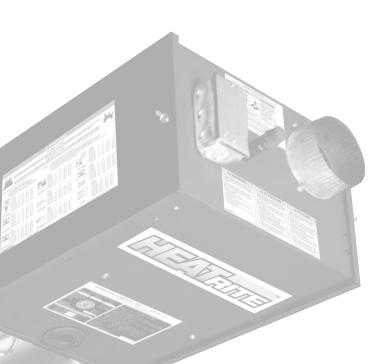
Some objects will catch fire or explode when placed close to heater.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.



Gas-Fired, Low Intensity Unitary Heater

Installation, Operation & Service Manual



VM-80 VM-115 VM-150 VM-200

A WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can result in death, injury or property damage. Read the Installation, Operation and Service Manual thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.

Installation must be done by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment or your gas supplier.





Installer

Please take the time to read and understand these instructions prior to any installation.

Installer must give a copy of this manual to the owner.

Owner

Keep this manual in a safe place in order to provide your serviceman with necessary information.

VAL-CO.

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www.valcompanies.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1: Heater Safety	.1
1.1 Manpower Requirements	. 1
SECTION 2: Installer Responsibility	2
2.1 Wall Tag	
2.2 Corrosive Chemicals	. 2
2.3 National Standards and Applicable Codes	2
SECTION 3: Critical Considerations	
3.1 Required Clearances to Combustibles	. 3
SECTION 4: National Standards and Applicable Codes	
4.1 Gas Codes	
4.2 Aircraft Hangars	
4.3 Parking Structures and Repair Garages	
4.4 Electrical	
4.5 Venting	
4.6 High Altitude	
SECTION 5: Major Components	7
5.1 Standard Parts List	
SECTION 6: Heater Installation	
6.1 Burner Tube Installation	
6.2 Tube Clamp Package Installation1	
6.3 Coupling and Tube Assembly1	
6.4 Turbulator Installation	
6.5 Reflector Installation	
6.6 Burner Installation1	
SECTION 7: Optional Heater Accessories	18
7.1 U-tube Configuration	
7.2 Elbow Package Configuration	
7.3 Reflector Side Extension	
7.4 Lower Clearance Shield Installation	23
7.5 Two-Foot Decorative Grille Installation	-3
7.6 Protective Grille Installation	
SECTION 8: Venting	
8.1 Venting	
8.2 Unvented Operation	
8.3 Horizontal Venting	
8.4 Vertical Venting	
8.5 Unvented Operation Tube Termination	 7
8.6 Length Requirements	
8.7 Horizontal Ventilation 4 in (10 cm) Pipe	
8.8 Vertical Ventilation 4 in (10 cm) Pipe	
8.9 Common Side Wall Venting2	
8.10 Common Vertical Venting	
8.11 Outside Combustion Air Supply	
SECTION 9: Gas Piping	
SECTION 10: Wiring	

	10.1 Heater Wiring for use with Brooder Contoller	35
	10.2 Standard Heater Configuration	37
	10.3 Central and Satellite Heaters (Zoning Capability)	38
	10.4 Communication Wiring within a Zone of Heaters	40
	10.4 Communication Wiring within a Zone of Heaters	
	(continued)	
	10.5 Heat Demand Control Wiring	
	10.6 Internal Wiring	
	10.7 Ladder Diagram	
	10.8 Electrical Connection to the Burner	
	10.9 Low Voltage Control Wiring Installation	
SE	CTION 11: Operation and Maintenance	
	11.1 Sequence of Operation	
	11.2 To Shut Off Heater	
	11.3 To Start Heater	
	11.4 Pre-Season Maintenance and Annual Inspection	
	11.5 Maintenance Checklist	
SEC	CTION 12: Troubleshooting	
	12.1 Control LED	
	12.2 General LED Codes	
	12.3 Troubleshooting Flow Chart	
	12.4 Manifold Gas Pressure Measurement	
	12.5 Pneumatic Connections	
	CTION 13: Replacement Parts	
SEC	CTION 14: General Specifications	
	14.1 Material Specification	
	14.2 Heater Specifications	
	14.3 Suspension Specifications	
	14.4 Controls Specifications	62

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TABLE OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Standard Reflector	3
Figure 2: One Side Reflector	4
Figure 3: Two Side Reflectors	4
Figure 4: U-Tube, Standard Reflector	4
Figure 5: 2-Foot Deco Grille, 1-Foot Deco Grille and	
Protective Grille	5
Figure 6: Lower Clearance Shield	5
Figure 7: Venting	
Figure 8: Major Component Descriptions	
Figure 9: Critical Hanger Placement	
Figure 10: Linear Heater Assembly Overview	10
Figure 11: Linear Heater Layout Overview	
Figure 12: U-Tube Heater Assembly Overview	18
Figure 13: U-Tube Heater Layout Overviews	
Figure 14: Reflector Joint Detail	
Figure 15: Tube Termination	
Figure 16: Gas Connection with Flexible Gas Hose	34
Figure 17: Line Voltage Power Wiring	35
Figure 18: Low Voltage Brooder Control Wiring	36
Figure 19: Zone Sensor Wiring Diagram	37
Figure 20: Central Heater Jumper Settings	38
Figure 21: Satellite Heater Jumper Setting	39
Figure 22: Communication Wiring within a Zone of Heaters	40
Figure 22: Communication Wiring within a Zone of	
Heaters (continued)	41
Figure 23: Thermostat Control Wiring Diagram	43
Figure 24: Analog Control Signal Wiring Diagram	
Figure 25: Potentiometer Control Wiring Diagram	
Figure 26: Line Voltage Power Wiring	48

SECTION 1: HEATER SAFETY



Your Safety is Important to Us! This symbol is used throughout the manual to notify you of possible fire, electrical or burn hazards. Please pay special attention when reading and following the warnings in these sections.

Installation, service and annual inspection of heater must be done by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment.

Read this manual carefully before installation, operation or service of this equipment.

This heater is designed for heating nonresidential indoor spaces. Do not install in residential spaces. These instructions, the layout drawing, local codes and ordinances, and applicable standards that apply to gas piping, electrical wiring, venting, etc. must be thoroughly understood before proceeding with the installation.

Thin sheet metal parts, including the aluminum reflector portion of the heater and the various venting components, have sharp edges. To prevent injury, the use of work gloves is recommended. The use of gloves will also prevent the transfer of body oils from the hands to the surface of the reflector.

Before installation, check that the local distribution conditions, nature of gas and pressure, and adjustment of the appliance are compatible.

1.1 Manpower Requirements

To prevent personal injury and damage to the heater, two persons will be required for installation.

SECTION 2: INSTALLER RESPONSIBILITY

The installer is responsible for the following:

- To install the heater, as well as the gas and electrical supplies, in accordance with applicable specifications and codes. Val-Co recommends the installer contact a local building inspector or Fire Marshal for guidance.
- To use the information given in a layout drawing and in the manual together with the cited codes and regulations to perform the installation.
- To install the heater in accordance with the clearances to combustibles.
- To furnish all needed materials not furnished as standard equipment.
- To plan location of supports.
- To provide access to burners for servicing on all sides, for burner removal.
- To provide the owner with a copy of this installation, operation and service manual.
- To never use heater as support for a ladder or other access equipment and never hang or suspend anything from heater.
- To ensure there is adequate air circulation around the heater and to supply air for combustion, ventilation and distribution in accordance with local codes.
- To safely and adequately install heater using materials with a minimal working load of 75 lbs (33 kg).

2.1 Wall Tag

A laminated wall tag is available for the heater as a permanent reminder of the safety instructions and the importance of the required clearances to combustibles. Please contact Val-Co or your Val-Co independent distributor to obtain the wall tag. Affix the tag by peeling off the backing of the adhesive strips on the rear surface and position the tag on a wall near the heater (e.g. thermostat).

A copy of the wall tag (P/N 91037917) is illustrated on the back cover. For an immediate solution, you may affix this copy on the wall near the heater.

Know your model number and installed configuration. Model number and installed configuration are found on the burner and in the Installation, Operation and Service Manual. See Page 3, Figure 1 through Page 5, Figure 7. Write the proper clearance dimensions in permanent ink according to your model number and

configuration in the open spaces on the tag.

2.2 Corrosive Chemicals

A CAUTION

Do not use heater in an area containing corrosive chemicals.

Avoid the use of corrosive chemicals to ensure a longer life of the burner, tubing and other parts.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in property damage.

Val-Co cannot be responsible for ensuring that all appropriate safety measures are undertaken prior to installation; this is entirely the responsibility of the installer. It is essential that the contractor, the subcontractor, or the owner identifies the presence of combustible materials, corrosive chemicals or halogenated hydrocarbons* anywhere in the premises.

* Halogenated Hydrocarbons are a family of chemical compounds characterized by the presence of halogen elements (fluorine, chlorine, bromine, etc.). These compounds are frequently used in refrigerants, cleaning agents, solvents, etc. If these compounds enter the air supply of the burner, the life span of the heater components will be greatly reduced. An outside air supply must be provided to the burners whenever the presence of these compounds is suspected. Warranty will be invalid if the heater is exposed to halogenated hydrocarbons.

2.3 National Standards and Applicable Codes

All appliances must be installed in accordance with the latest revision of the applicable standards and national codes. This refers also to the electric, gas and venting installation. Note: Additional standards for installations in Public Garages, Aircraft Hangars, etc. may be applicable.

SECTION 3: CRITICAL CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 Required Clearances to Combustibles

Clearances are the required distances that combustible objects must be away from the heater to prevent serious fire hazards. Combustibles are materials that may catch on fire and include common items such as wood, paper, rubber, fabric, etc.

Maintain clearances to combustibles at all times for safety.

Clearances for all heater models are located on the burner of the heater and on Page 3, Figure 1 through Page 5, Figure 7 in this manual. Check the clearances on each burner for the model heater being installed to make sure the product is suitable for your application and the clearances are maintained. Read and follow the safety guidelines below:

- Keep gasoline or other combustible materials including flammable objects, liquids, dust or vapors away from this heater or any other appliance.
- Maintain clearances from heat sensitive material, equipment and workstations.
- Maintain clearances from vehicles parked below the heater.
- Maintain clearances from swinging and overhead doors, overhead cranes, vehicle lifts, partitions, storage racks, hoists, building construction, etc.
- In locations used for the storage of combustible materials, signs must be posted to specify the maximum permissible stacking height to maintain

A WARNING



Fire Hazard

Some objects will catch fire or explode when placed close to heater.

Keep all flammable objects, liquids and vapors the required clearances to combustibles away from heater.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.

required clearances from the heater to the combustibles. Signs must be posted adjacent to the heater thermostat. In the absence of a thermostat, signs must be posted in a conspicuous location.

- Consult local Fire Marshal, Fire Insurance Carrier or other authorities for approval of proposed installation when there is a possibility of exposure to combustible airborne materials or vapors.
- Hang heater in accordance to the minimum suspension requirements on Page 9, Figure 9.
- If the radiant tubes must pass through the building structure, be sure that adequate sleeving and fire stop is installed to prevent scorching and/or fire hazard.

NOTE: 1. All dimensions are from the surfaces of all tubes, couplings and elbows.

2. Clearances B, C and D can be reduced by 50% after 25' (7.5 m) of tubing downstream from where the burner and burner tube connect.

FIGURE 1: STANDARD R	EFLECTOR									
A			(inc	hes)		(centimeters)				
	Model	Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D	
	VM-80	6	44	66	44	16	112	168	112	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	VM-115	6	53	77	53	16	135	196	135	
Ĭ	VM-150	6	58	80	58	16	146	204	146	
\	VM-200	8	60	82	60	21	153	209	153	

- NOTE: 1. All dimensions are from the surfaces of all tubes, couplings and elbows.

 2. Clearances B, C and D can be reduced by 50% after 25' (7.5 m) of tubing downstream from where the burner and burner tube connect.

FIGURE 2: ONE SIDE REF	LECTOR									
A			(inc	hes)		(centimeters)				
B D D	Model	Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D	
	VM-80	6	10	70	62	16	26	178	159	
	VM-115	6	10	83	75	16	26	211	191	
	VM-150	6	10	86	79	16	26	219	202	
*	VM-200	8	10	88	84	21	26	224	214	

FIGURE 3: TWO SIDE REFLECTORS									
A			(inc	hes)			(centin	neters)	
A	Model	Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
→ → → → → → → → → →	VM-80	6	29	72	29	16	74	183	74
	VM-115	6	37	84	37	16	94	214	94
ċ L	VM-150	6	40	88	40	16	102	224	102
, ,	VM-200	8	46	91	46	21	117	232	117

FIGURE 4: U-TUBE, STANDARD REFLECTOR									
			(inc	hes)			(centin	neters)	
←B→ C ←D→	Model	Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
	VM-80	6	44	69	43	16	112	176	112
	VM-115	6	53	79	49	16	135	201	128
	VM-150	6	58	84	54	16	146	214	138
*	VM-200	8	62	87	59	21	159	221	150

NOTE: 1. All dimensions are from the surfaces of all tubes, couplings and elbows.
2. Clearances B, C and D can be reduced by 50% after 25' (7.5 m) of tubing downstream from where the burner and burner tube connect.

FIGURE 5: 2-FOOT DECO GRILLE, 1-FOOT DECO GRILLE AND PROTECTIVE GRILLE									
^		(inches)					(centin	neters)	
	Model	Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
	VM-80	6	44	66	44	16	112	168	112
	VM-115	6	53	77	53	16	135	196	135
C ←B→ ←D→	VM-150	6	58	80	58	16	146	204	146
¥	VM-200	8	60	82	60	21	153	209	153

FIGURE 6: LOWER CLEA	RANCE SHIELD	*							
,			(inc	hes)			(centin	neters)	
	Model	Α	В	С	D	Α	В	С	D
	VM-80	6	46	38	46	16	117	97	117
—B→	VM-115	6	62	48	62	16	159	122	159
	VM-150	6	65	50	63	16	161	127	161
*	VM-200	-	UNAPP	ROVED	-	-	UNAPP	ROVED) -

^{*}When installed in the first 10' (3 m).

FIGURE 7: VENTING								
^		(inches)			(centimeters)			
A ←E→ Unvented	Model	Α	E	F	Α	E	F	
Pipes	VM-80	20	24	18	51	61	46	
Radiant Tubes	VM-115	20	24	18	51	61	46	
Vented	VM-150	20	30	18	51	77	46	
←F→	VM-200	20	30	18	51	77	46	

SECTION 4: NATIONAL STANDARDS AND APPLICABLE CODES

4.1 Gas Codes

The type of gas appearing on the nameplate must be the type of gas used. Installation must comply with national and local codes and requirements of the local gas company.

United States: Refer to NFPA/ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code.

Canada: Refer to CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and

Propane Installation Code.

4.2 Aircraft Hangars

Installation in aircraft hangars must be in accordance with the following codes:

United States: Refer to Standard for Aircraft Hangars, NFPA 409 - latest revision.

Canada: Refer to Standard CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

- In aircraft storage and servicing areas, heaters shall be installed at least 10' (3 m) above the upper surface of wings or of engine enclosures of the highest aircraft which may be housed in the hangar. The measurement shall be made from the wing or engine enclosure (whichever is higher from the floor) to the bottom of the heater.
- In shops, offices and other sections of aircraft hangars communicating with aircraft storage or servicing areas, heaters shall be installed not less than 8' (2.4 m) above the floor.
- Suspended or elevated heaters shall be so located in all spaces of aircraft hangars that they shall not be subject to injury by aircraft, cranes, movable scaffolding or other objects. Provisions shall be made to assure accessibility to suspended heaters for recurrent maintenance purposes.

4.3 Parking Structures and Repair Garages

Installation in garages must be in accordance with the following codes:

United States: Standard for Parking Structures NFPA 88A - latest revision or the Code for Motor Fuel Dispensing Facilities and Repair Garages, NFPA 30A - latest revision. Canada: Refer to CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

- Heaters must not be installed less than 8' (2.4 m) above the floor. Minimum clearances to combustibles must be maintained from vehicles parked below the heater.
- When installed over hoists, minimum clearances to combustibles must be maintained from the upper most point of objects on the hoist.

4.4 Electrical

The heater must be electrically grounded in accordance with the following codes:

United States: Refer to National Electrical Code®, NFPA 70 - latest revision. Wiring must conform to the most current National Electrical Code®, local ordinances and any special diagrams furnished.

Canada: Refer to Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1 Part 1 - latest revision.

4.5 Venting

The venting must be installed in accordance with the requirements within this manual and the following codes:

United States: Refer to NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code.

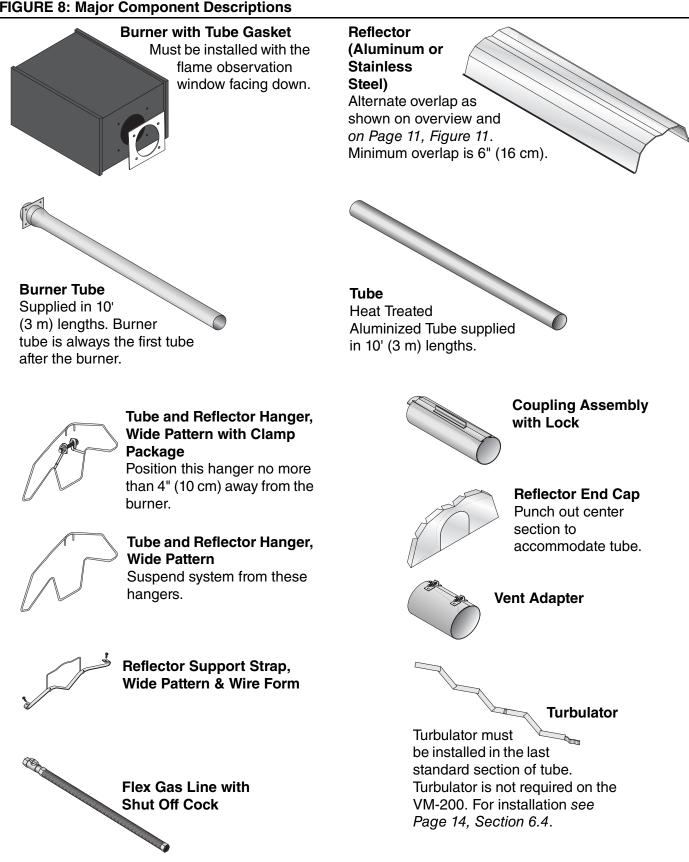
Canada: Refer to CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

4.6 High Altitude

These heaters are approved for installations up to 2000' (US), 4500' (Canada) without modification. Consult factory if US installation is above 2000' (610 m) or Canadian installation is above 4500' (1370 m).

SECTION 5: MAJOR COMPONENTS

FIGURE 8: Major Component Descriptions



5.1 Standard Parts List

Table 1: Contents of VM-Series Burner Carton

Part No.	Description	VM-80	VM-115	VM-150	VM-200
VM34XXXXX	VM Burner Assembly (Rate and Fuel Varies)	1	1	1	1
02568200	Gasket (Burner to Burner Tube)	1	1	1	1
VM34100NA	Installation, Operation and Service Manual	1	1	1	1
94273914	Hex Head Bolts 5/16-18 Rolok	4	4	4	4
96411600	Split Lock Washer	4	4	4	4
91201708	Pipe Nipple (Black) 1/2" NPT x 4"	1	1	1	1
*91412200	Flexible Stainless Steel Gas Hose - 1/2" NPT (US Models Only)	1	1	-	-
*91412203	Flexible Stainless Steel Gas Hose - 3/4" NPT (US Models Only)	-	-	1	1
03051503	Turbulator Adapter	1	1	1	-
03051504	Turbulator Aluminized Steel	3	3	1	-
91317310	Wire Terminal Receptacle.187 x.032	8	8	8	8
91309605	Cable Grommet with Tie	1	1	1	1
03090101K	Tube and Reflector Hanger Kit, Wide Pattern	2	2	2	2

^{*}Canadian Models: Rubber (Type 1) Gas Hoses available as an accessory. See Page 34, Section 9.

Table 2: Contents of Wide Pattern Core and Wide Pattern Extension Packages

		Wide Pattern Core Packages (Aluminized)		Wide Pattern Extension Packages (Aluminized)					
Part No.	Description	10' (3m)	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	40' (12m)	10' (3m)	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	40' (12m)
91409408	Tube, HT Aluminized, 10' (3m)	-	1	2	3	1	2	3	4
03051101	Burner Tube, ALUMI-THERM® Steel, 10' (3m)	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
03051601	Burner Tube, HT ALUMI-THERM® Steel, 10' (3m)	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
01312700	Coupling Assembly	-	1	2	3	1	2	3	4
02750303	Standard Reflector, 8' (3.5m)	2	3	4	6	2	3	4	6
02750800	End Cap	2	2	2	2	-	-	-	-
03090101	Tube and Reflector Hanger, Wide Pattern	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4
91907302	S-Hook	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4
03050011	Reflector Support Package, Wide Pattern (Strap, Wire Form, Screws)	1	2	3	5	2	3	4	6
91107720	U-Clip Package	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
90502700	Vent Adapter	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
01318901	Tube Clamp Package	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
	Part Number		CPW20ALUM	CPW30ALUM	CPW40ALUM	EXPW10ALUM	EXPW20ALUM	EXPW30ALUM	EXPW40ALUM

Table 3: VM-Series Component Package Guide

Model	Tubing Length	Wide Pattern Core Packages			
	Minimum	Aluminized			
VM-80	20' (6m)	CPW20ALUM			
VM-115	30' (9m)	CPW30ALUM			
VM-150	40' (12m)	CPW40ALUM			
VM-200	50' (15m)	CPW30ALUM + EXPW20ALUM			

Additional tubing length may be added to heater. Tubing must be heat-treated, aluminized or porcelain coated. Any additional tubing lengths are considered as vent length for length determination. Maximum venting length for minimum heater length is 45' (13.7 m) total.

SECTION 6: HEATER INSTALLATION

Suspension Hazard Burner is secured to burner tube by bolts and lockwashers. Hang heater with materials with a minimum working load of 75 lbs (33 kg). Failure of the supports can result in death, injury or property damage.

To ensure your safety, and comply with the terms of the warranty, all units must be installed in accordance with these instructions.

The gas or the electrical supply lines must not be used to support the heater.

Do not locate the gas or electric supply lines directly over the path of the flue products from the heater.

The heater must be installed in a location that it is readily accessible for servicing.

The heater must be installed in accordance with clearances to combustibles as indicated on the heater and in this instruction manual.

The gas inlet pressure must be maintained as indicated on the rating plate.

Typical installation configurations are shown in *Figure* 9.

Expansion and contraction of the tube dictates that the minimum suspension lengths in the table *on Page 9, Figure 9* be maintained.

FIGURE 9: Critical Hanger Placement

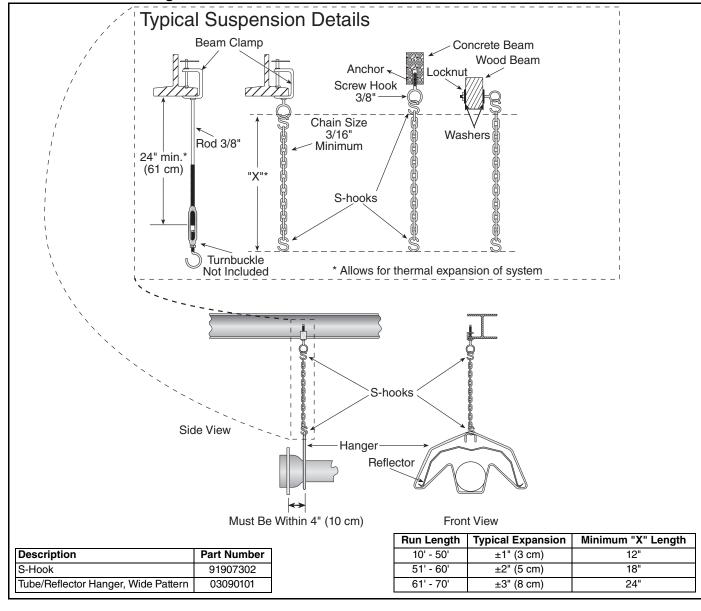


FIGURE 10: Linear Heater Assembly Overview

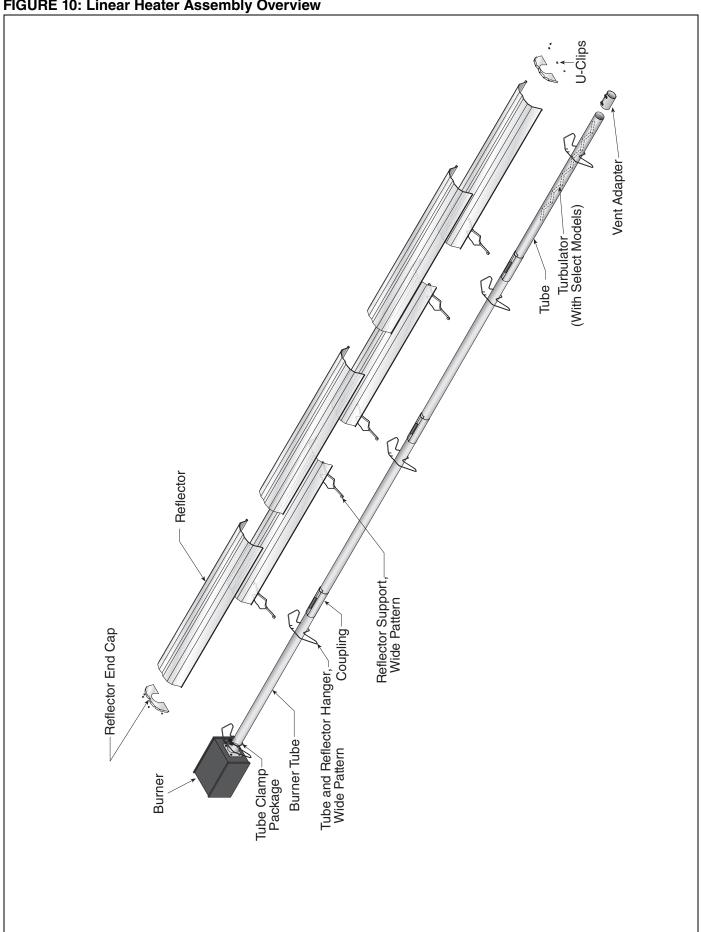
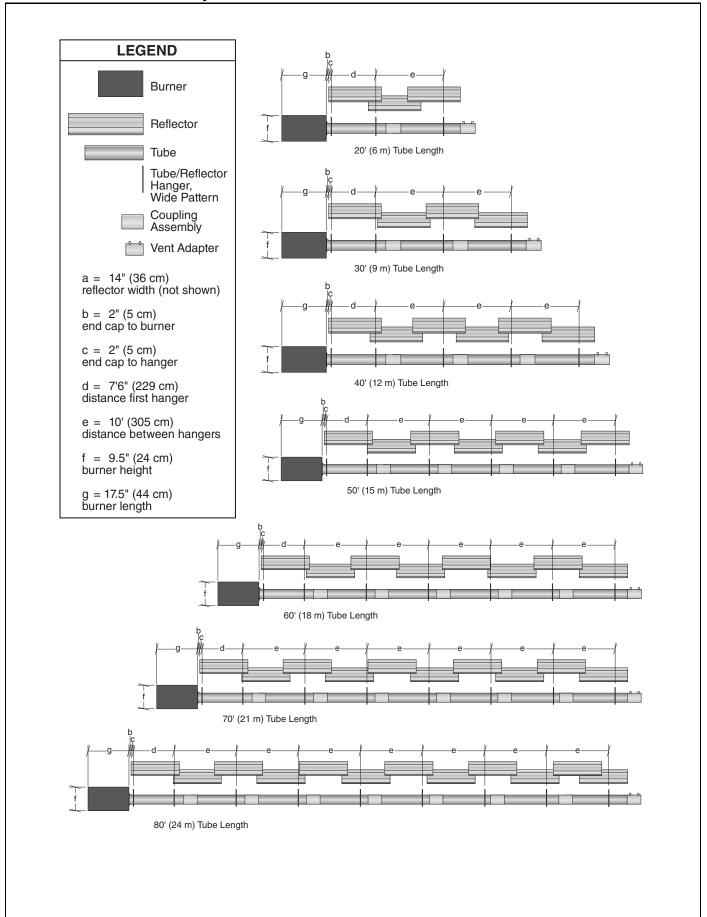
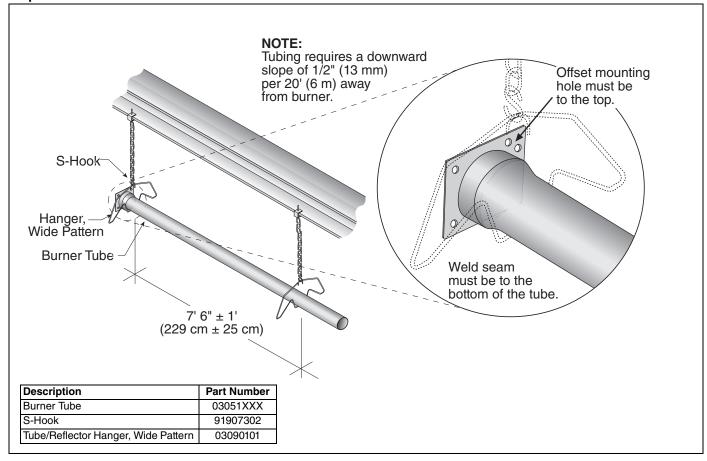


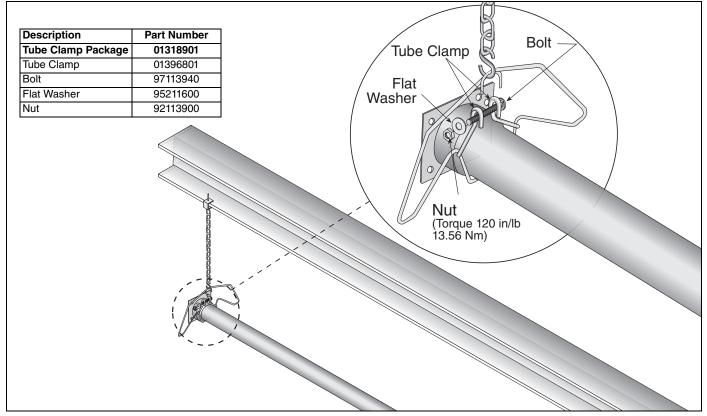
FIGURE 11: Linear Heater Layout Overview



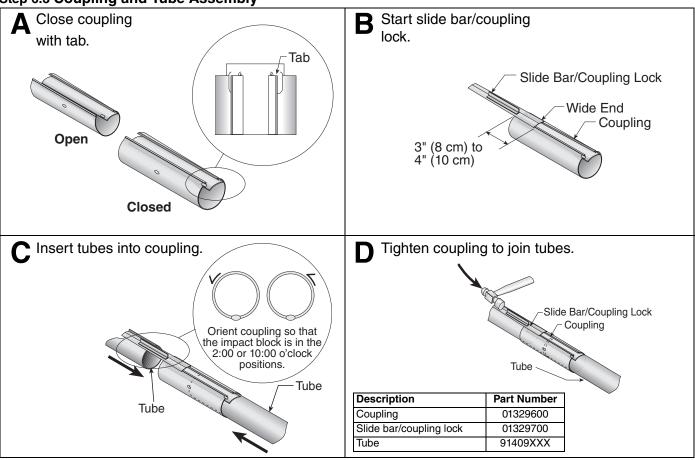
Step 6.1 Burner Tube Installation



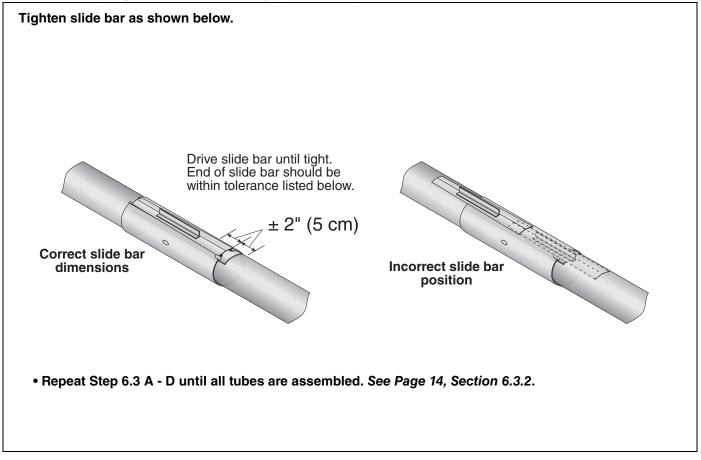
Step 6.2 Tube Clamp Package Installation



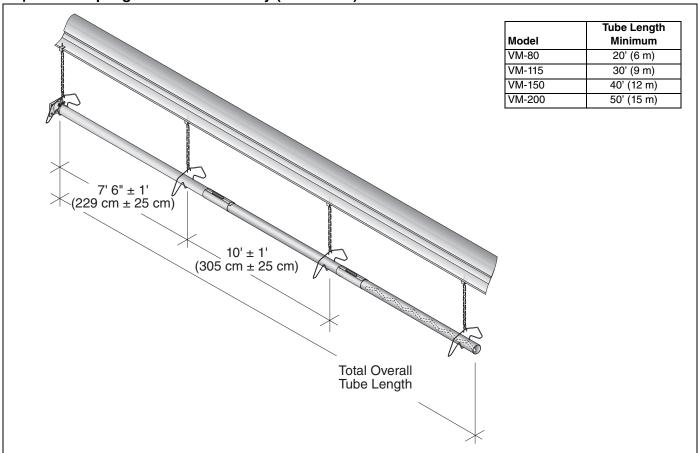
Step 6.3 Coupling and Tube Assembly



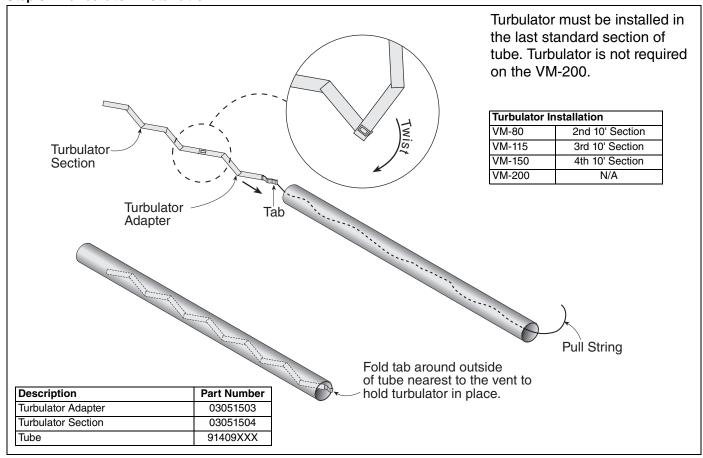
Step 6.3.1 Coupling and Tube Assembly (Continued)



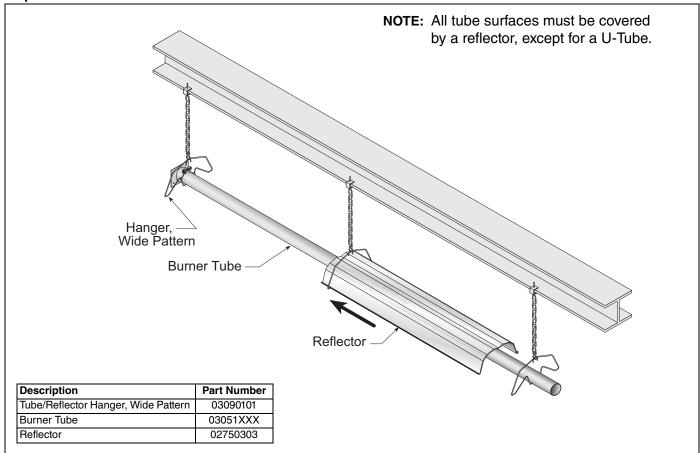








Step 6.5 Reflector Installation

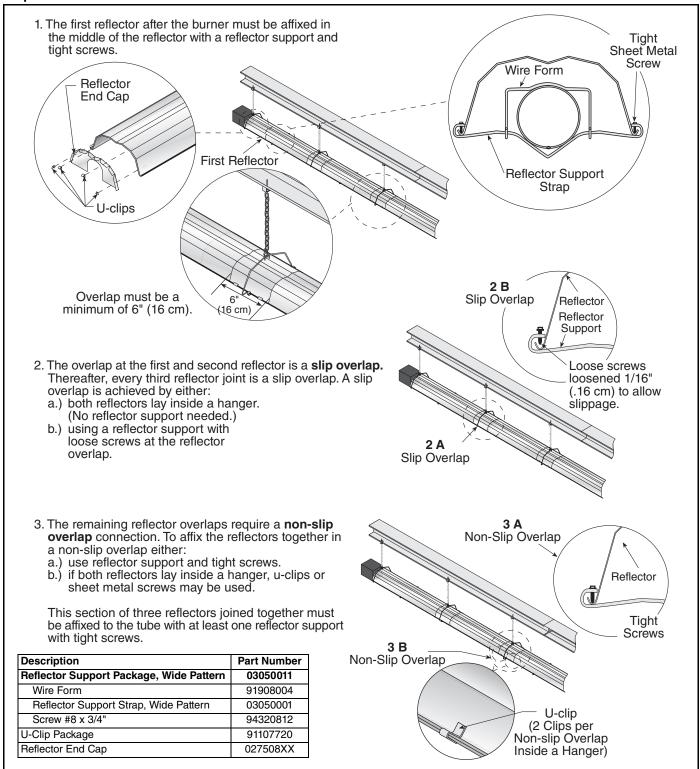


Step 6.5.1 Reflector, U-Clip and Reflector Support Installation

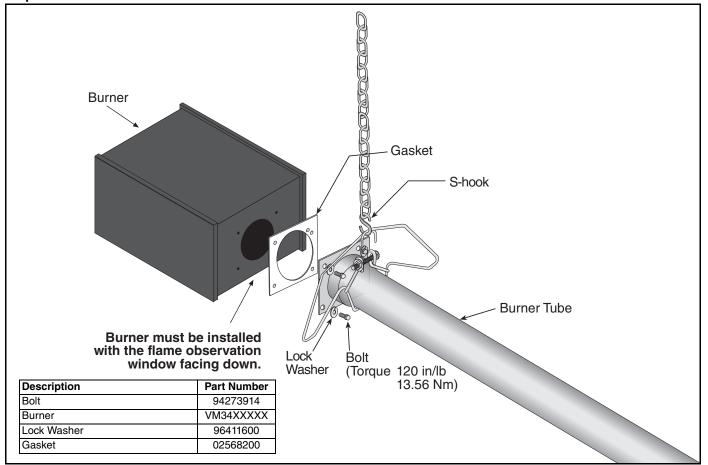
The pictorial drawings of the heater construction in *Section 6* are schematic only and provide a general guideline of where hangers, reflector supports and U-clips are to be installed.

To ensure proper expansion and contraction movement of the reflectors, a combination of U-clips and reflector supports are used. The positioning of reflector supports and U-clips depends on the individual installation. Use either pop rivets or sheet metal screws instead of u-clips when installing end caps and joint pieces in areas where impact and high wind may be a factor. The following rules must be observed.

Step 6.5.2



Step 6.6 Burner Installation



SECTION 7: OPTIONAL HEATER ACCESSORIES 7.1 U-tube Configuration

Heaters are approved for optional U-tube configurations.

The U-tube may be installed in a standard horizontal position. When using a U-tube configuration, the following additional rules must be adhered to:

- A minimum of 10' (3 m) on VM-80 and a minimum of 15' (4.5 m) on VM-115/150/200 is required between the burner and the U-Tube.
- The correct turbulator (See Page 14, Figure 6.4) must be installed in the last standard section of tube.
- The burner must never be operated in a tilted position.
- The heater must be properly supported at all locations. See Page 19, Figure 13.

FIGURE 12: U-Tube Heater Assembly Overview

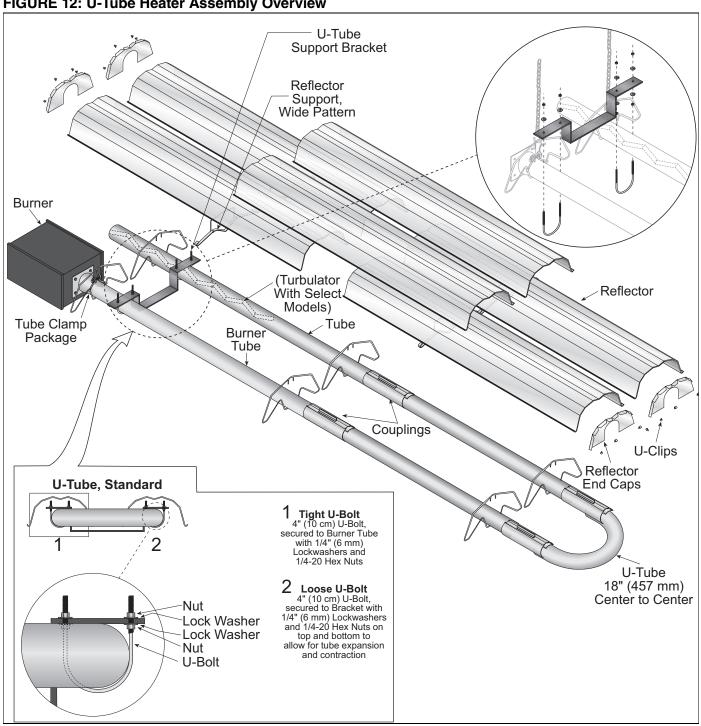
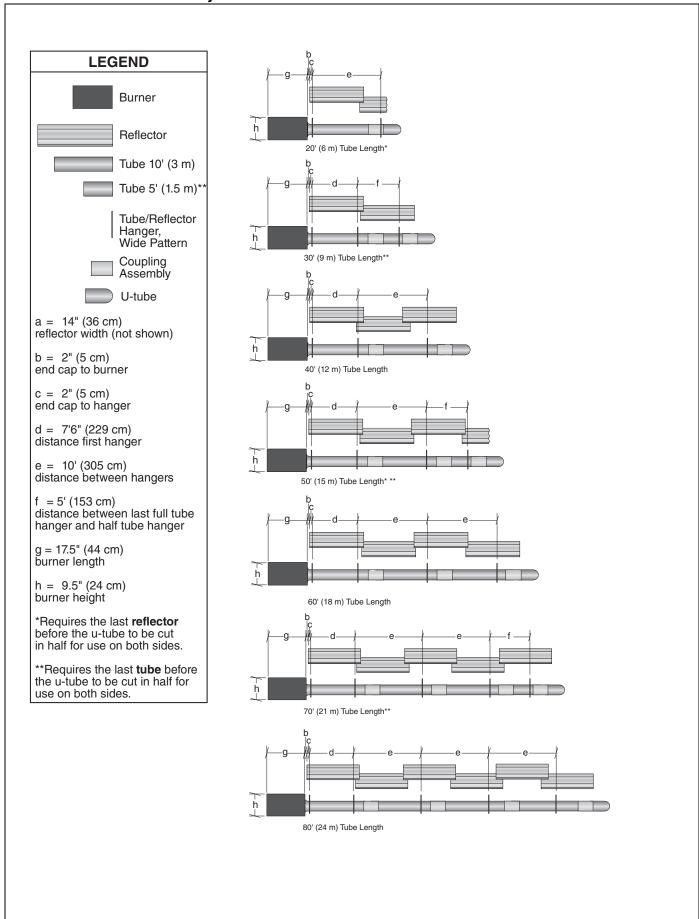
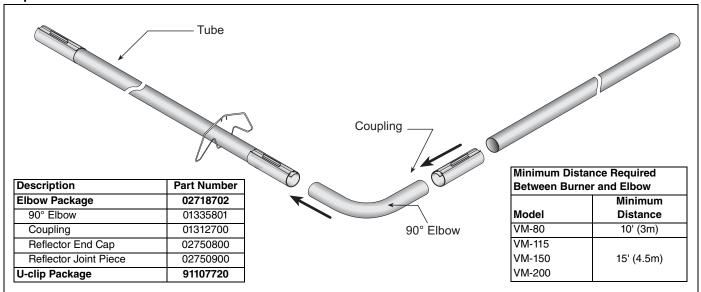


FIGURE 13: U-Tube Heater Layout Overviews

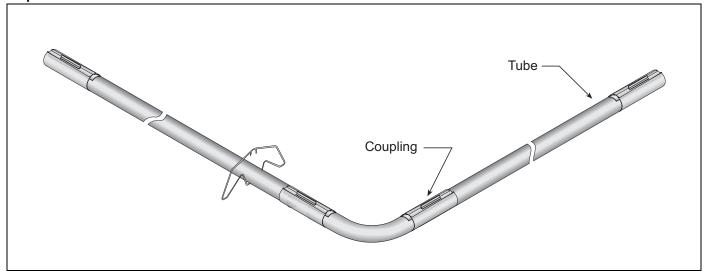


7.2 Elbow Package Configuration

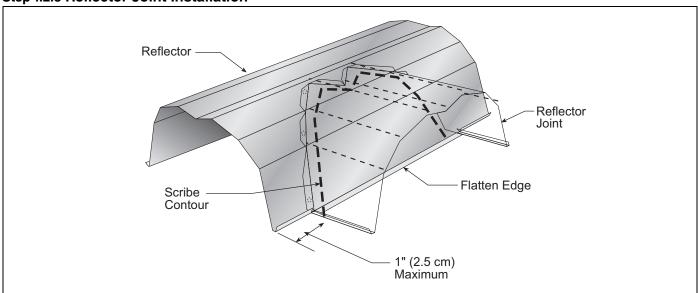
Step 7.2.1 Elbow Installation



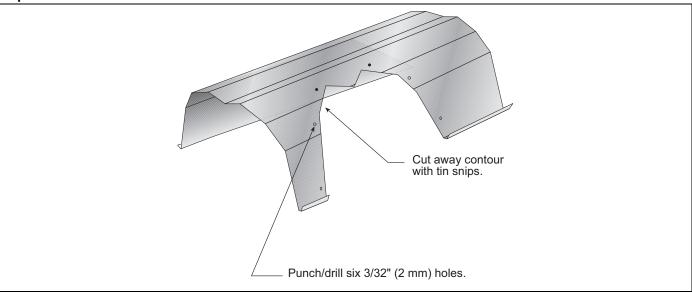
Step 7.2.2 Elbow Installation



Step 7.2.3 Reflector Joint Installation



Step 7.2.4 Reflector Joint Installation



Step 7.2.5 Reflector Joint Detail

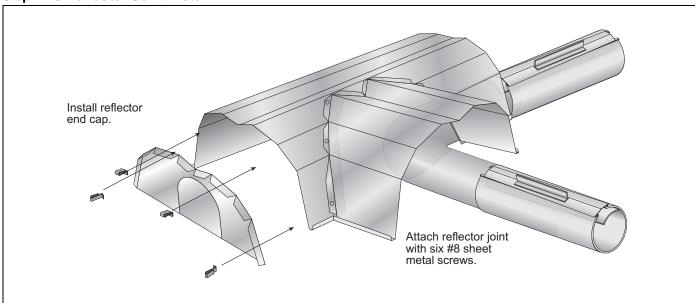
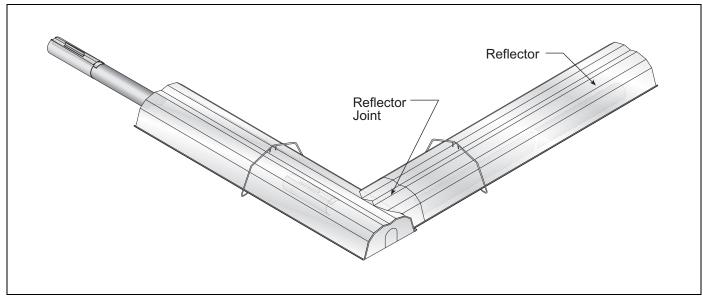
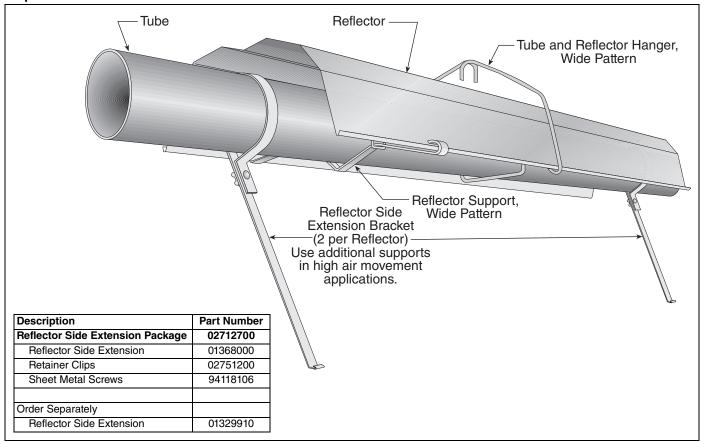


FIGURE 14: Reflector Joint Detail

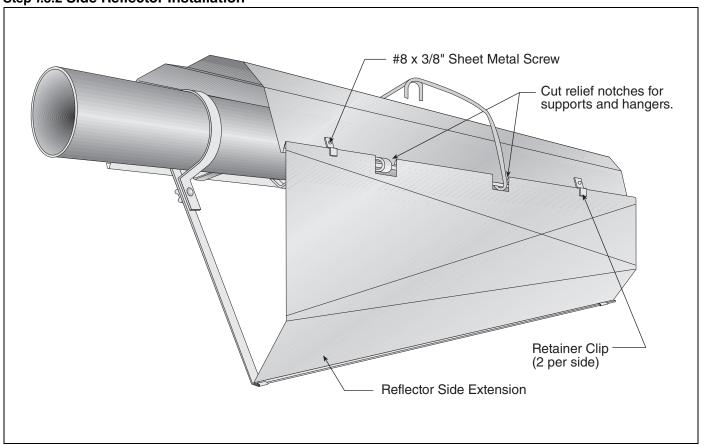


7.3 Reflector Side Extension

Step 7.3.1 Bracket Installation

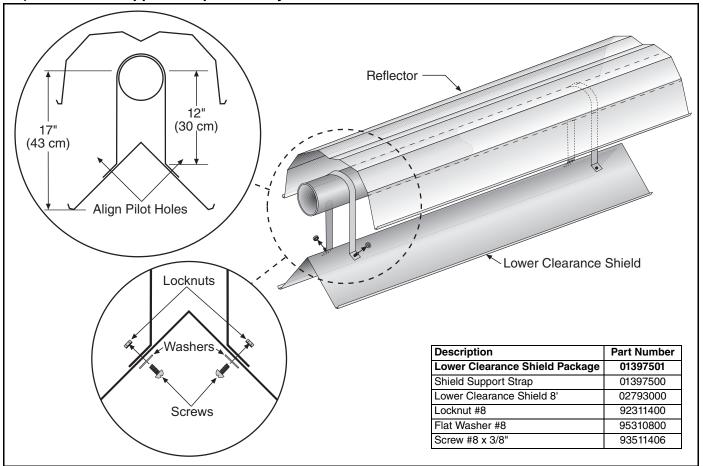


Step 7.3.2 Side Reflector Installation



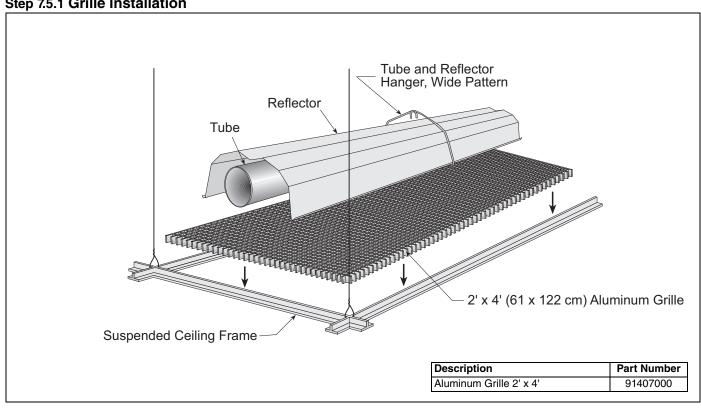
7.4 Lower Clearance Shield Installation

Step 7.4.1 Shield Support Strap Assembly

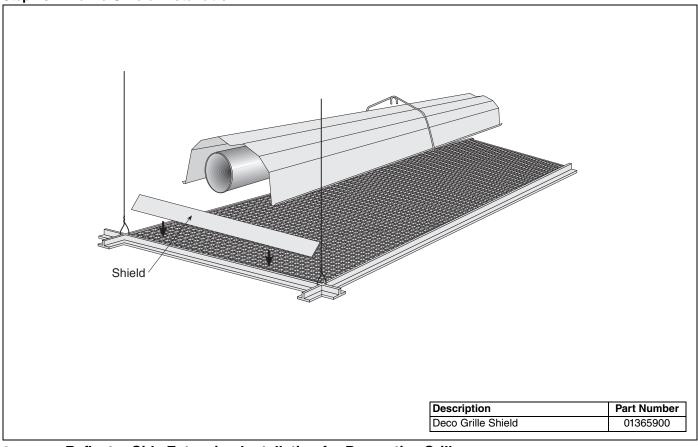


7.5 Two-Foot Decorative Grille Installation

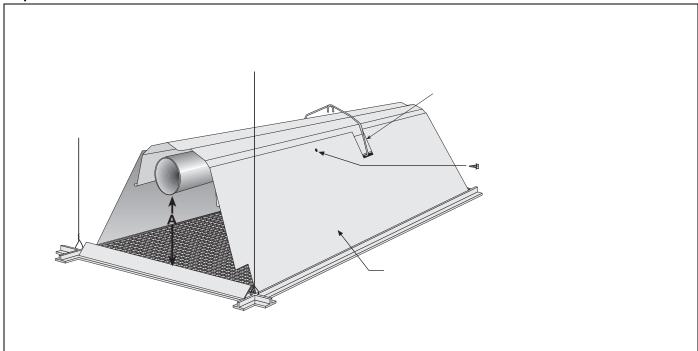
Step 7.5.1 Grille Installation



Step 7.5.2 Frame Shield Installation



Step 7.5.3 Reflector Side Extension Installation for Decorative Grilles

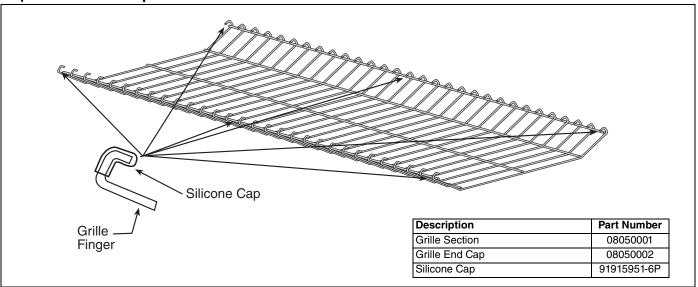


Distance "A"		Extension			
Minimum	Maximum	Part No.	Width		
2" (4 cm)	6" (15 cm)	01370408	8" (20 cm)		
6" (15 cm)	10" (26 cm)	01370412	12" (30 cm)		
10" (26 cm)	14" (37 cm)	01370416	16" (40 cm)		

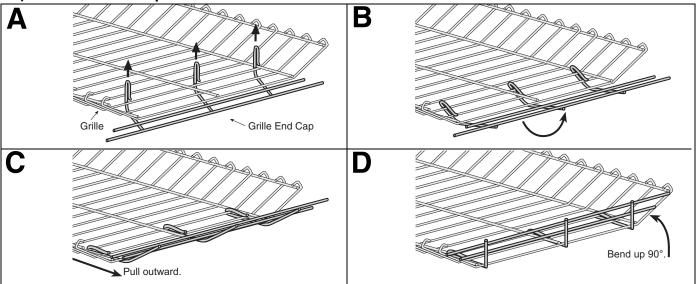
Description	Part Number
Reflector Side Extension	01370412

7.6 Protective Grille Installation

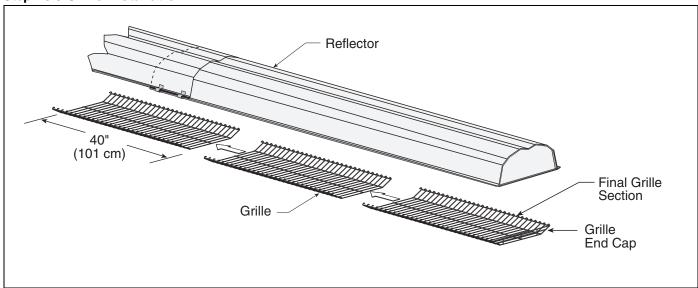
Step 7.6.1 Silicone Cap Installation



Step 7.6.2 Grille End Cap Installation



Step 7.6.3 Grille Installation



SECTION 8: VENTING

A WARNING



Carbon Monoxide Hazard

Heaters installed unvented must be interlocked with sufficient building exhaust.

Heaters must be installed according to the installation manual.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or injury.

8.1 Venting

This heater must be vented in accordance with the rules contained in this manual and with the following national codes and any state, provincial or local codes which may apply: **United States:** Refer to NFPA/ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code. **Canada:** Refer to CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

In brooder installations, affix brooder ventilation wall tag (P/N 91039300) adjacent to the heater thermostat. In the absence of a thermostat, the wall tag must be posted in a conspicuous location.

Exhaust end of heater will accept a 4" (10 cm) vent pipe using the vent adapter (P/N 90502700). To prevent leakage of condensation, install the vent adapter with the seam on top and seal all the vent joints using a high temperature silicone sealant.

Any portion of vent pipe passing through a combustible wall must have an approved thimble (P/N 90505600) to conform with the above listed codes.

Vent pipe must be sloped downward away from the burner 1/2" (1 cm) for every 20' (6 m).

The heater may be individually vented or common vented. When venting horizontally, a maximum of two heaters can be commonly vented. See Page 29, Section 8.9. When venting vertically, a maximum of four heaters can be commonly vented. See Page 30, Section 8.10.

The heater may also be installed unvented in certain circumstances according to building ventilation codes. Refer to the above codes and Page 26, Section 8.2 for further information. Unvented operation also requires compliance with the clearances to combustibles given on Page 5, Figure 7.

The bottom of the vent or air intake terminal shall not be located less than 1' (.3 m) above grade level.

The vent shall not terminate less than 7' (2.1 m)

above grade where located adjacent to public walkways.

Vent terminal must be installed at a height sufficient to prevent blockage by snow and building materials protected from degradation by flue gases.

Secure all joints with #8 x 3/8" sheet metal screws. Seal all joints with high temperature silicone sealant.

Vent terminal must be beyond any combustible overhang.

8.1.1 United States Requirements

Vent must terminate at least 3' (.9 m) above any forced air inlet located within 10' (3.1 m).

Vent must terminate at least 4' (1.2 m) below, 4' (1.2 m) horizontally from, or 1' (.3 m) above any door, operable window, or gravity air inlet into any building.

8.1.2 Canadian Requirements

The vent shall not terminate within 6' (1.8 m) of a mechanical air supply inlet to any building. The vent shall not terminate within 3' (.9 m) of a window or door that can be opened in any building, any non-mechanical air supply inlet to any building, or of the combustion air inlet of any other appliance.

8.2 Unvented Operation

Sufficient ventilation must be provided in the amount of 4 cfm per 1000 Btu/h firing rate (United States); 3 cfm per 1000 Btu/h firing rate (Canada).

WARNING: Combustion by-products contain a chemical known the the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

8.3 Horizontal Venting

In noncombustible walls only, vent terminal (P/N 02537801-1P) may be used.

For 4" (10 cm) vents in either combustible or noncombustible walls, use Tjernlund VH1-4 (P/N 90502100) or equivalent, insulated vent terminal. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for proper installation.

For 6" (15 cm) common vents in either combustible or noncombustible walls, use Tjernlund VH1-6 (P/N 90502101) or equivalent, insulated vent terminal. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for proper installation.

8.4 Vertical Venting

For 4" (10 cm), an approved vent cap (P/N 90502300) must be used.

For 6" (15 cm) common vent, an approved vent cap (P/N 90502302) must be used.

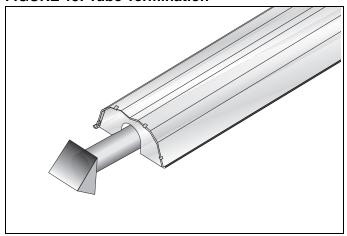
For common vertical venting of more than two heaters, See Page 30, Section 8.10.

A vent shall not extend less than 2' (.6m) above the highest point where it passes through a flat roof of a building.

8.5 Unvented Operation Tube Termination

For unvented operation, turndown type vent terminal with a screen must be installed at the exhaust end of the tube. Vent terminal design shall not incorporate backdraft flap.

FIGURE 15: Tube Termination



8.6 Length Requirements

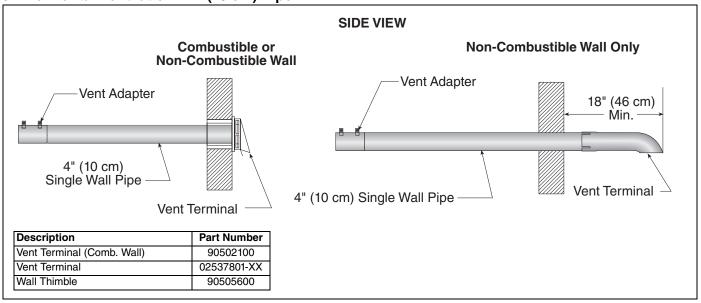
The maximum vent length allowed is 45' (13.7 m). The maximum outside air supply duct length allowed is 45' (13.7 m).

The total vent length, plus outside air duct length, plus any extensions to minimum heat exchanger lengths, cannot exceed 65' (19.8 m).

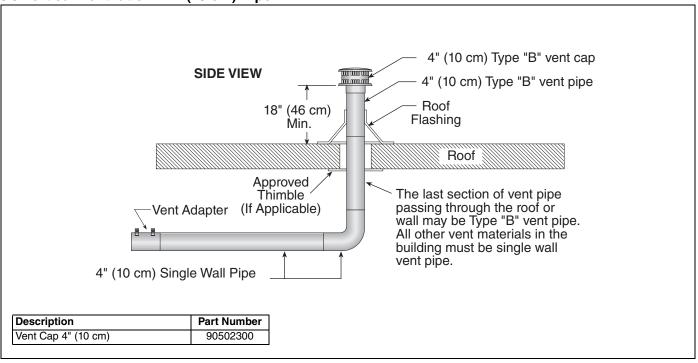
Vent length should be limited to less than 20' (6 m). If using extended heater lengths or vent lengths greater than 20' (6 m), condensation will form in the vent pipe. Insulation and additional sealing measures (high temperature silicone at all seams) are required. Optional heat exchanger beyond minimum lengths are considered as vent length for length determination.

Subtract 15' (4.6 m) of maximum allowed vent or duct length per vent elbow if more than two are used.

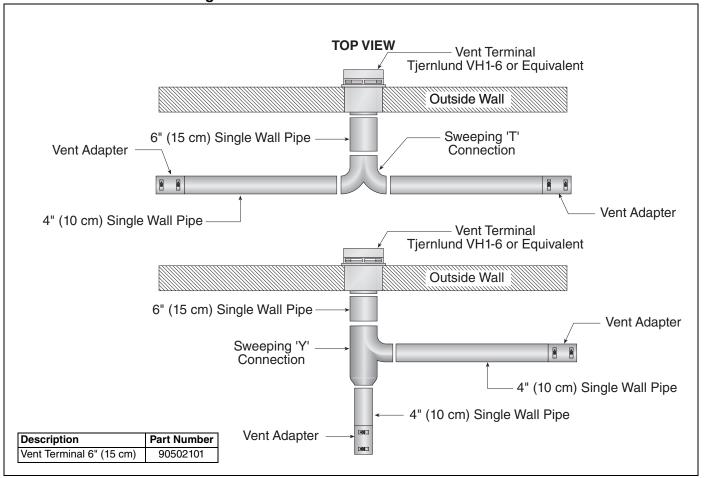
8.7 Horizontal Ventilation 4 in (10 cm) Pipe



8.8 Vertical Ventilation 4 in (10 cm) Pipe



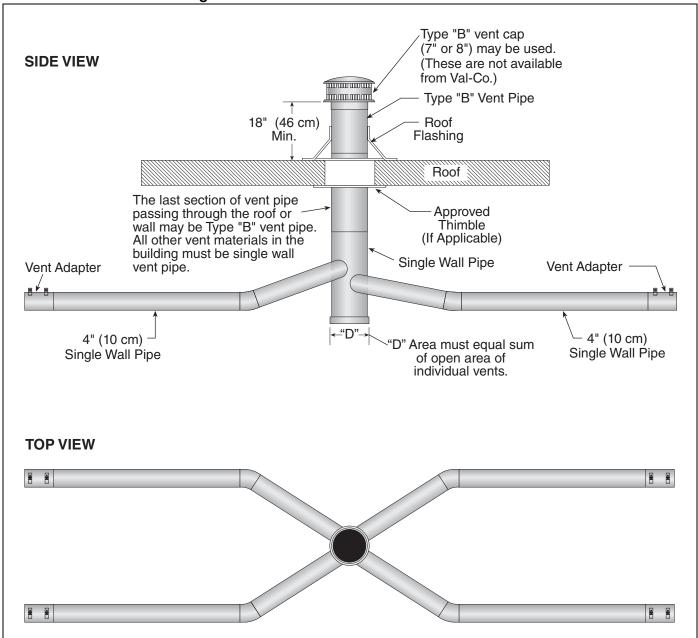
8.9 Common Side Wall Venting



Requirements:

- Maximum of 2 heaters can be commonly vented through a side wall.
- Heaters must be of the same BTU output.
- Heaters must be controlled by a common thermostat.

8.10 Common Vertical Venting



Requirements:

- Heaters must be controlled by a common thermostat.
- Connections to a common stack must be positioned to avoid direct opposition between streams of combustion gases.

8.11 Outside Combustion Air Supply

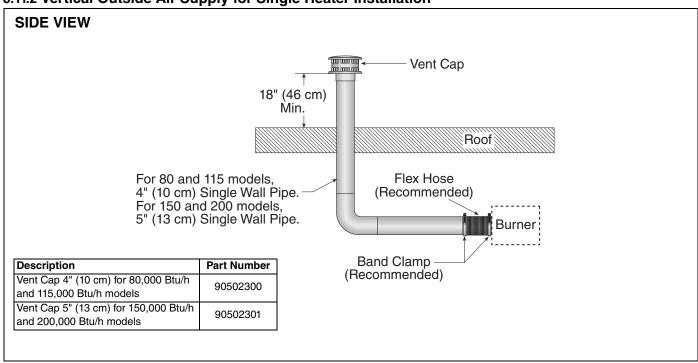
IMPORTANT: If the building has a slight negative pressure or corrosive contaminants such as halogenated hydrocarbons are present in the air, an outside combustion air supply to the heater is required. Seal all combustion air pipe joints.

The air supply duct may have to be insulated to prevent condensation on the outer surface. The outside air terminal must not be more than 1' (31 cm) above the vent terminal.

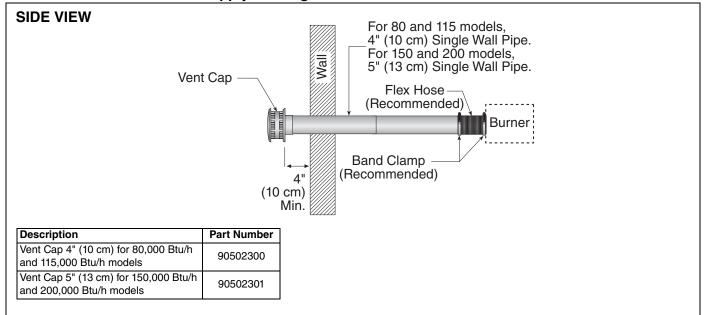
8.11.1 Length Requirements

Follow the constraints listed on Page 27, Section 8.6.

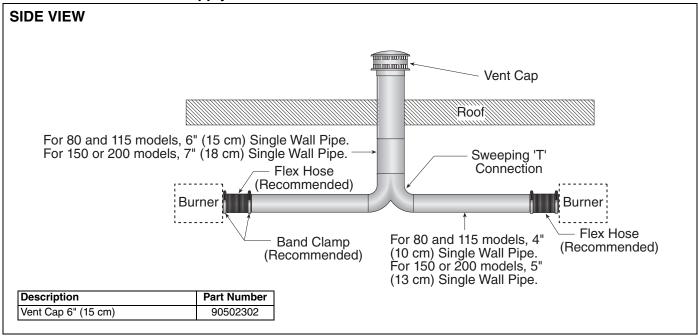
8.11.2 Vertical Outside Air Supply for Single Heater Installation



8.11.3 Horizontal Outside Air Supply for Single Heater Installation



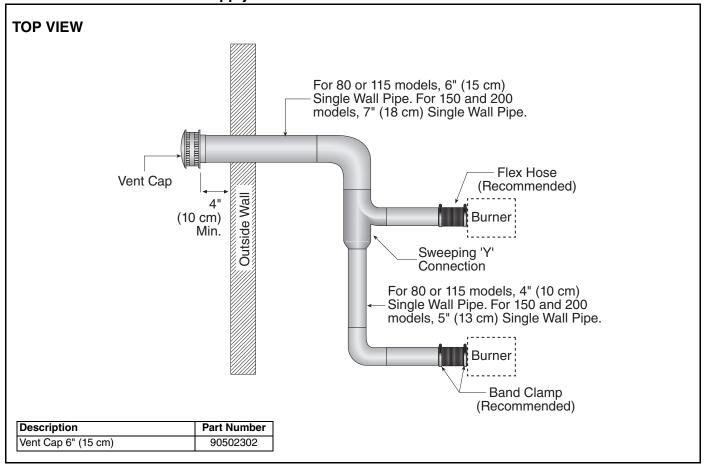
8.11.4 Vertical Outside Air Supply for Double Heater Installation



Requirements:

Heaters must be controlled by a common thermostat.

8.11.5 Horizontal Outside Air Supply for Double Heater Installation



Requirements:

• Heaters must be controlled by a common thermostat.

SECTION 9: GAS PIPING



Fire Hazard

Tighten gas hose fittings to connect gas supply according to *Figure 16*.

Gas hose can crack when twisted.

Gas hose moves during normal operation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.

Install the gas hose as shown in *Figure 16*. The flex gas connector accommodates expansion of the heating system and allows for easy installation and service of the burner. Before connecting the burners

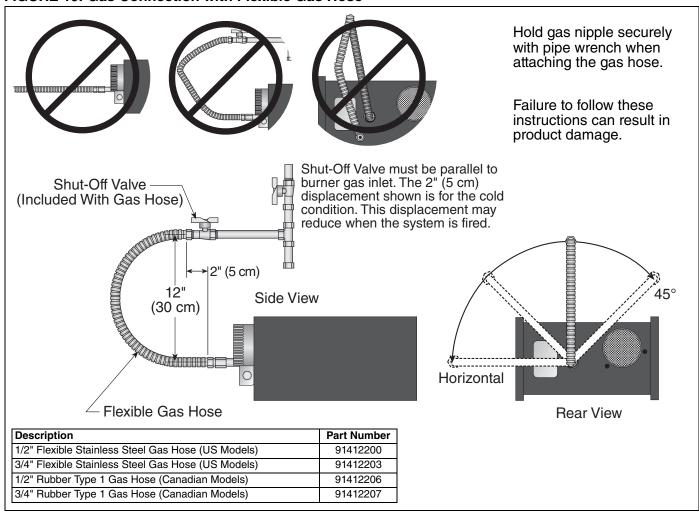
to the supply system, verify that all high pressure testing of the gas piping has been completed.

There is an expansion of the tube with each firing cycle. This will cause the burner to move with respect to the gas hose. This can cause a gas leak resulting in an unsafe condition if the gas connection is not made in strict accordance with *Figure 16*.

Meter and service must be large enough to handle all the burners being installed plus any other connected load. The gas hose which feeds the system must be large enough to supply the required gas with a maximum pressure drop of 1/2" wc. When gas piping is not included in the layout drawing, the local gas supplier will usually help in planning the gas piping.

- Do not high pressure test the gas piping with the burner connected. Failure to follow these instructions can result in property damage.
- Check the pipe and tubing ends for leaks before placing heating equipment into service. When checking for gas leaks, use a soap and water solution; never use an open flame.

FIGURE 16: Gas Connection with Flexible Gas Hose



SECTION 10: WIRING



Electrical Shock Hazard

Disconnect electrical power and gas supply before servicing.

This appliance must be connected to a properly grounded electrical source.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or electrical shock.

Heater must be grounded in accordance with applicable codes: United States: refer to National Electrical Code® NFPA 70 - latest revision. Canada: Refer to Canadian Electrical Code CSA

C22.1 Part I - latest revision.

If any of the original internal wiring must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring materials having a temperature rating of at least 105°C and 600 Volts.

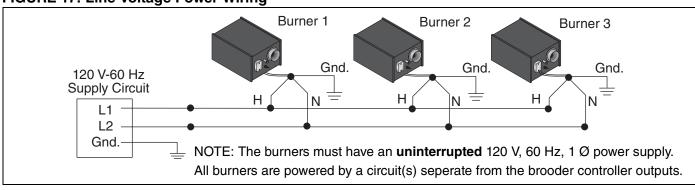
10.1 Heater Wiring for use with Brooder Contoller

The heater will automatically modulate when connected to an output relay on a brooder controller.

10.1.1 Line Voltage Power Wiring

All burners are powered by a circuit(s) separate from the brooder controller outputs. The burners must have an uninterrupted 120 V, 60 Hz, 1 Ø power supply.

FIGURE 17: Line Voltage Power Wiring



10.1.2 Brooder Control Wiring

The heater outputs on the brooder controller will act as the ON/OFF switch in the control circuit. The R and W terminals (T24 and T25) on the heater control board are wired to the heater output terminal on the brooder controller. If the brooder controller outputs provide line voltage output, a contactor must be installed between the brooder controller and the heater R and W terminals (T24 and T25). Power must not be supplied to the "thermostat" (R and W) circuit. The brooder controller must only provide the opening and closing (dry contact) of the "thermostat" (R and W) circuit. The heater that is wired to the brooder output terminals will be designated as a "central" heater. If there are multiple heaters in a heating zone, the control wiring for all of the other heaters in the zone will be wired in series (daisychain) from the "central" heater's "firing rate out" terminals (T30 and T31). See Figure 2. The jumpers on the J10 pin block on the heater control board must set by the installer as shown in Figure 2. The "central" heater will have both jumpers on the J10 pin block on the right-most pins as shown if Figure 2. The satellite heaters will have the J10 pin jumpers set on the left-most pins.

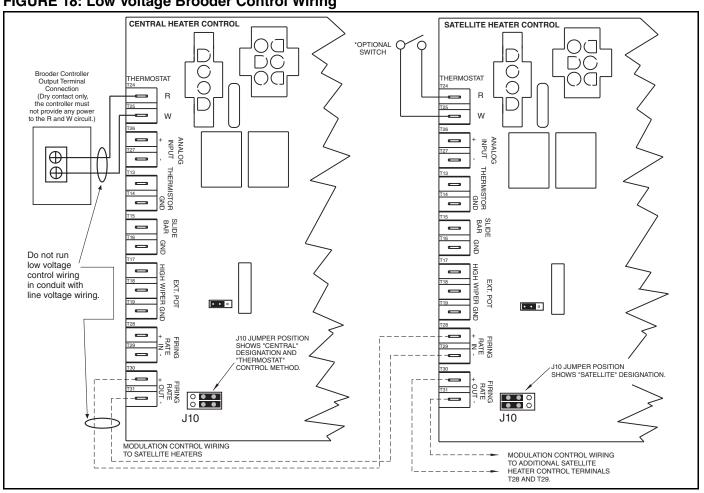
10.1.3 Operation

During the heater operation, the heater will automatically modulate based on the brooder controller's ON/OFF output timing and history using an algorithm programmed into the heater's control board. The "central" heater will determine the appropriate heater burn rate and any satellite heaters will modulate to the same burn rate based on the central heater's commands.

NOTE: During the cycling of the heaters, the heaters may still be operating even though the brooder controller may not be calling for heat. This is normal operation of the modulating heater. After satisfying the required temperature, the heater will continue to run at a lower burn rate to maintain the temperature as close to the temperature setpoint as possible.

The heater will completely turn off once it modulates the burn rate to the lowest setting.

FIGURE 18: Low Voltage Brooder Control Wiring



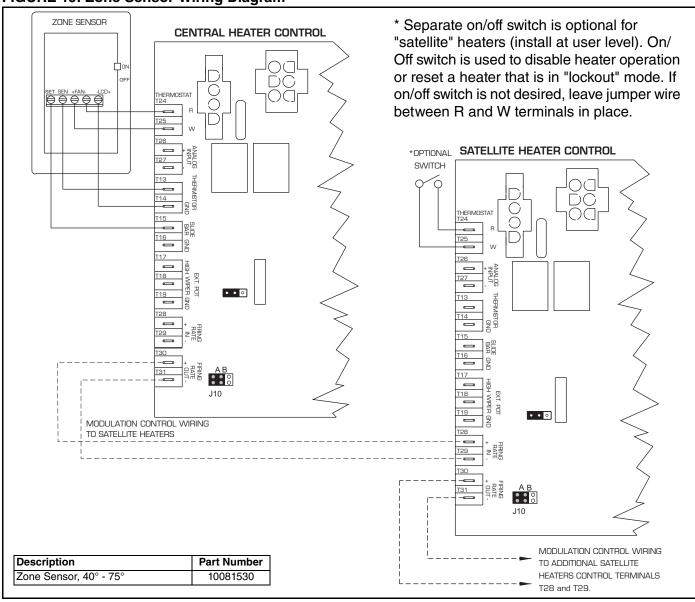
10.2 Standard Heater Configuration

From the factory, the heater is configured for zone sensor control. Connect zone sensor to the heater control as shown on Page 37, Figure 19.

If additional heaters are in the same heating zone,

control wiring must be installed between the heaters' controls as shown on Page 37, Figure 19. For additional details or for use with heat demand control devices other than the zone sensor, see Page 38, Section 10.3 through Page 46, Section 10.5.4.

FIGURE 19: Zone Sensor Wiring Diagram



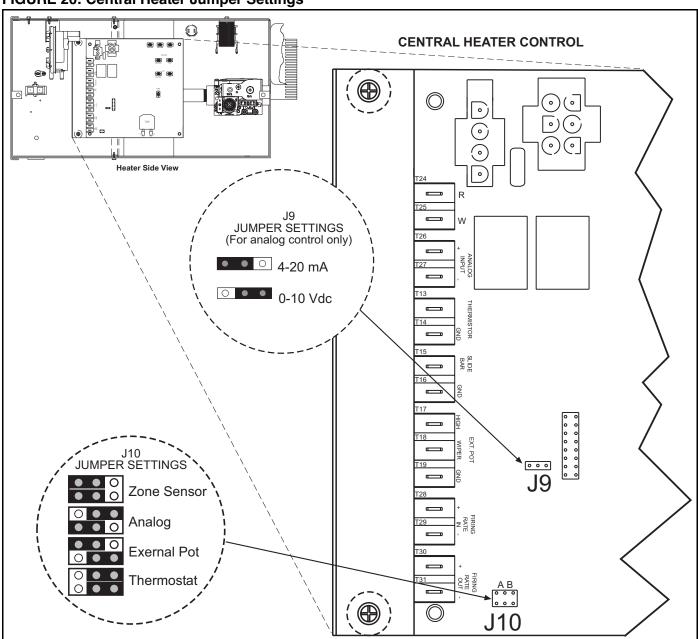
10.3 Central and Satellite Heaters (Zoning Capability)

The heater can be configured so that several heaters within the same heating zone will modulate simultaneously with connection to a single heat demand control device. The heat demand control device (See Page 42, Section 10.5) will be wired directly to a single heater configured as the central heater. The remaining heaters in the zone will be configured as satellite heaters and will modulate based on control signaling from the central heater. Zoning capability allows any VM-Series heater (regardless of input) to modulate based on the signal from the central heater. During modulation, each satellite heater will operate at the same percentage of full rated input as the central heater.

10.3.1 Central Heater Configuration

Central heater configuration is set by positioning of jumpers on pin blocks (J10 and J9) located on the control inside the heater compartment, See Figure 20. Jumper position on J10 shown in Figure 20 will configure heater as a central heater and at the same time configure the heater for the desired heat demand device (zone sensor, thermostat, analog input, or 10K Ohm pot.). If jumpers on J10 are positioned for "analog", jumper on J9 must be positioned for either 0-10 Vdc or 4-20 mA. If jumpers on J10 are not positioned for "analog", the J9 jumper may be left alone.

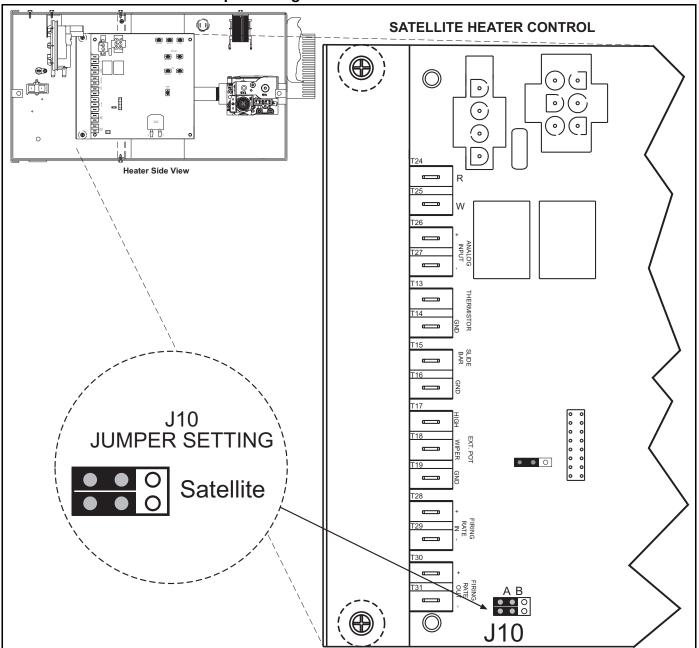
FIGURE 20: Central Heater Jumper Settings



10.3.2 Satellite Heater Configuration

Satellite heater configuration is set by positioning of jumpers on pin block J10 located on the control board inside the heater compartment, *See Figure 21*. Jumper position on J10 shown in *Figure 21* will configure heater as a satellite heater. (The jumper position for satellite is the same as the jumper position of a central heater using a zone sensor). Jumper on J9 may be left alone.

FIGURE 21: Satellite Heater Jumper Setting

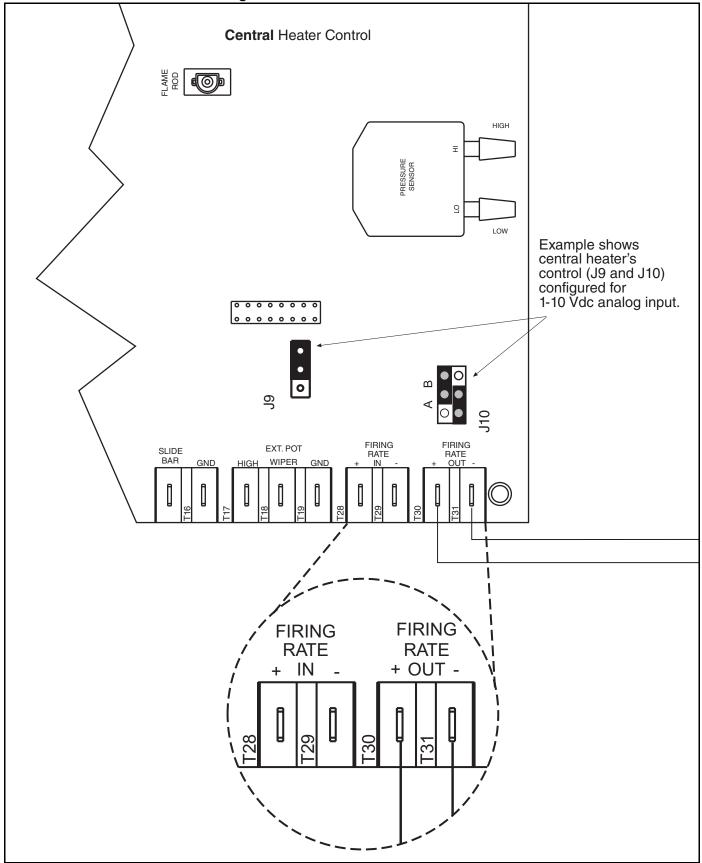


10.4 Communication Wiring within a Zone of Heaters

Satellite heaters will be wired in series to the central heater via low voltage control wiring.

Communication wiring uses the T28-T31 terminals on the control, see *Figure 22*.

FIGURE 22: Communication Wiring within a Zone of Heaters

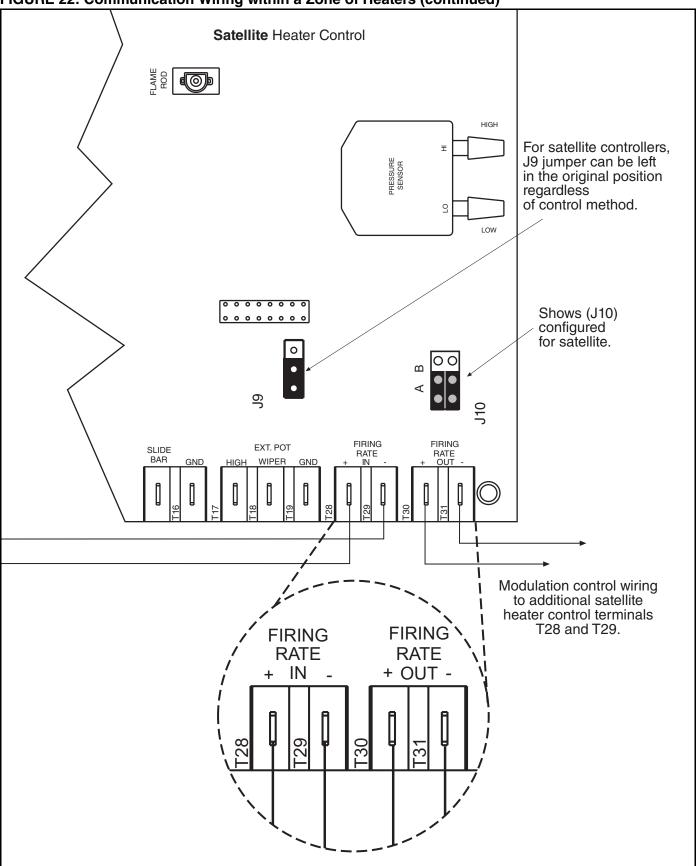


10.4 Communication Wiring within a Zone of Heaters (continued)

Satellite heaters will be wired in series to the central Communication wiring uses the T28-T31 terminals heater via low voltage control wiring.

on the control, see Figure 22.

FIGURE 22: Communication Wiring within a Zone of Heaters (continued)



10.5 Heat Demand Control Wiring

The heater input can be controlled by any one of the following heat demand control devices (control devices are wired to central heaters only):

10.5.1 Zone Sensor

The zone sensor (P/N 10081530) offers automatic control of heater input. Heater(s) modulates based on difference between sensed air temperature and the temperature setpoint. Heater modulation in response to air temperature changes is immediate. Setpoint is adjusted with the slide bar adjustment at the bottom of the sensor. ON/OFF switch (used to disable heater operation or reset heater from lockout) is located on the side of the sensor. See Page 37, Figure 19 for wiring details.

10.5.2 Thermostat

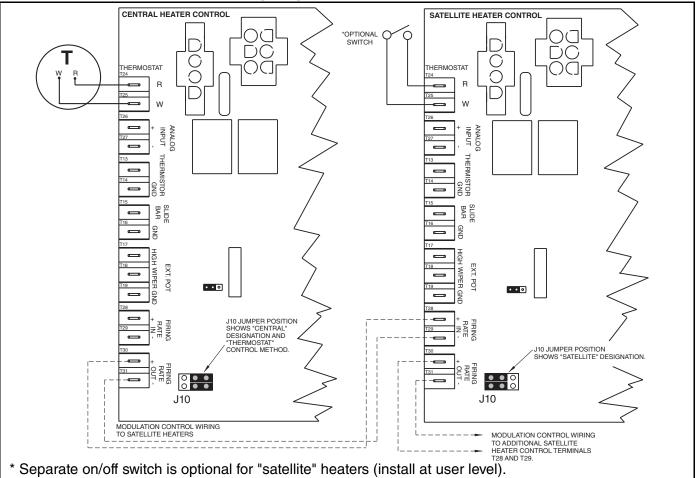
A thermostat offers automatic control of heater input. The heater control is designed for use with a standard 4-wire low voltage electronic thermostat (not for use with non-electronic thermostats that have a heat anticipator). Typical wiring connects the R & W wires to the heater control and leave the Y (cooling) and G (fan) wires not connected to the heater control.

On the control, the T24 and T25 (R and W) terminals supply 24 V to power an electronic thermostat. See Page 43, Figure 23 for wiring details. Consult the factory for other thermostat wiring configurations.

Heater(s) modulates based on heater and thermostat cycle timing, history and desired setpoint by using a pre-programmed algorithm. When using thermostat control, heater modulation response to rapid air temperature change is not immediate. Thermostat control is not recommended for use in areas with frequent or high air changes.

It is important to note that during normal operation, heater cycle continues beyond meeting thermostat setpoint.

FIGURE 23: Thermostat Control Wiring Diagram



^{*} Separate on/off switch is optional for "satellite" heaters (install at user level). On/Off switch is used to disable heater operation or reset a heater that is in "lockout" mode. If on/off switch is not desired, leave jumper wire between R and W terminals in place.

10.5.3 Remote Analog Signal

Remote Analog Signal 0-10 Vdc or 4-20 mA output from external controller or Building Management System (BMS) directly dictates heater(s) firing rate. An algorithm must be programmed into the BMS or external controller (supplied by others). The BMS or external controller will receive zone air temperature signals from its own temperature sensors and then deliver an output signal to the heater(s) for the desired firing rate.

For 0-10Vdc control of the heater(s) firing rate, the following control conditions apply:

Heater is OFF at 5% of full signal (.5Vdc). Minimum rated input at 10% of signal (1Vdc). Full rated input at 90% of signal (9Vdc). Input varies linearly between 1Vdc and 9Vdc.

For 4-20Vdc control of the heater(s) firing rate, the following control conditions apply:

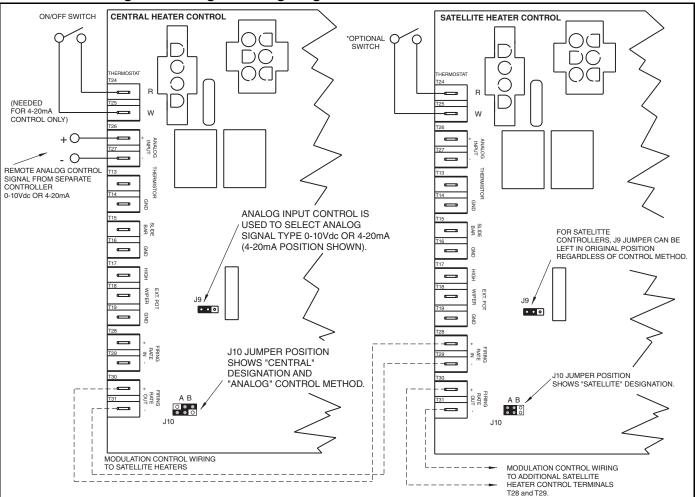
ON/OFF relay at the external controller or BMS must be wired to R and W terminals on the heater circuit board to turn the heater ON and OFF. (Open Circuit = OFF, Closed Circuit = ON). Minimum rated input at 10% of signal (2mA). Full rated input at 90% of signal (18mA). Input varies linearly between 2mA and 18mA.

BMS controllers often offer PID loop control that can optimize output signal and rate of change of the output signal. Common analog application is defined as follows:

- BMS sensors that monitor zone air temperatures are located in the heating space.
- Based on sensed temperatures, the BMS will output an analog signal for the desired heater(s) firing rate.
- As heater(s) receive the analog signal from the BMS, the heater(s) modulate to the corresponding firing rate.
- As sensed air temperature rises closer to the desired temperature setpoint, the BMS will reduce the output signal, in turn reducing heater firing rate.
- 5. Upon satisfying temperature setpoint, the BMS will either:
 - a. Turn off the heater.
 - b. Reduce the signal so that the minimum

heater firing rate is maintained until the sensed temperature rises above the setpoint to a cut-off limit temperature when the BMS turns off the heater.

FIGURE 24: Analog Control Signal Wiring Diagram

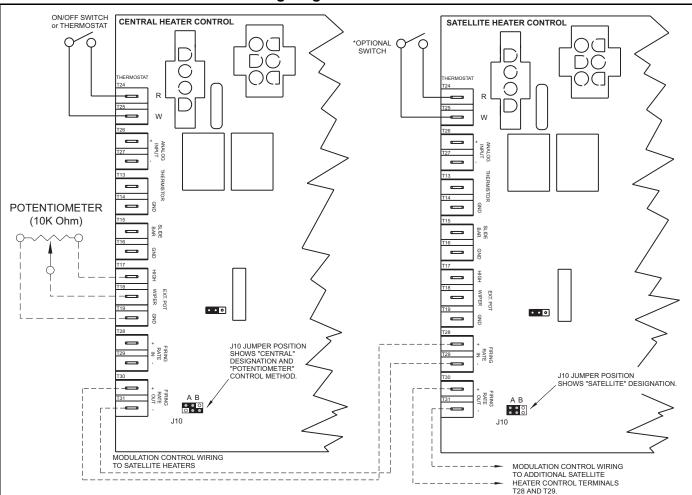


^{*} Separate on/off switch is optional for "satellite" heaters (install at user level). On/Off switch is used to disable heater operation or reset a heater that is in "lockout" mode. If on/off switch is not desired, leave jumper wire between R and W terminals in place.

10.5.4 Potentiometer Control Device

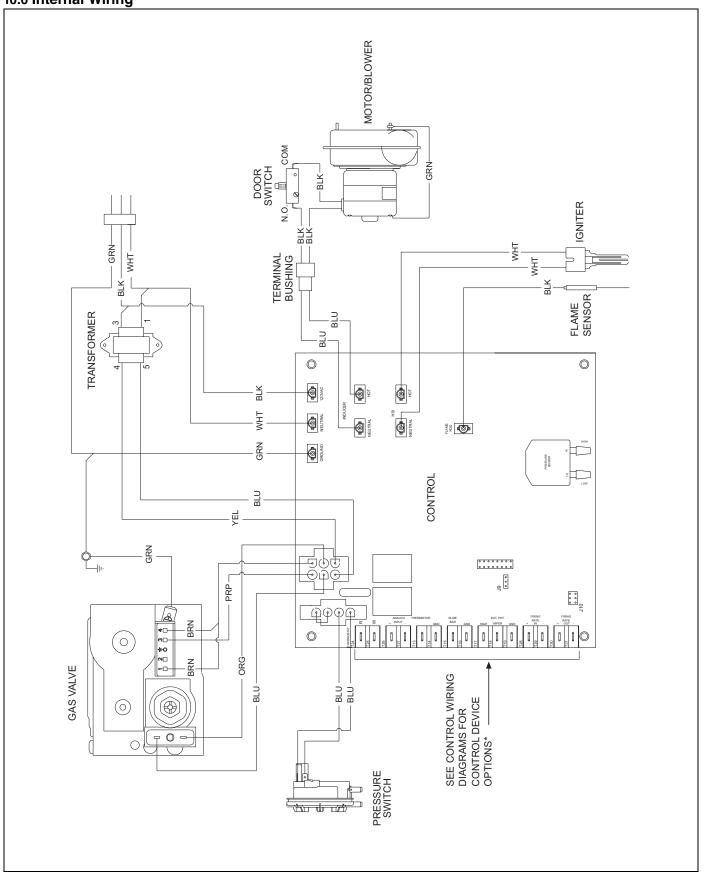
Potentiometer (10K Ohm) device offers manual control over heater(s) firing rate. Potentiometer dial position directly dictates heater(s) firing rate. Dial positions range between "Min" and "Max". Minimum and maximum heater firing rates (inputs) are marked on the heater's rating plate. ON/OFF switch or thermostat is used to disable heater operation or reset heater from lockout.

FIGURE 25: Potentiometer Control Wiring Diagram



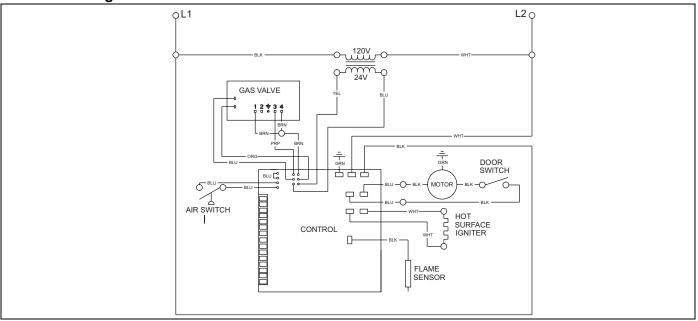
^{*} Separate on/off switch is optional for "satellite" heaters (install at user level).
On/Off switch is used to disable heater operation or reset a heater that is in "lockout" mode.
If on/off switch is not desired, leave jumper wire between R and W terminals in place.

10.6 Internal Wiring



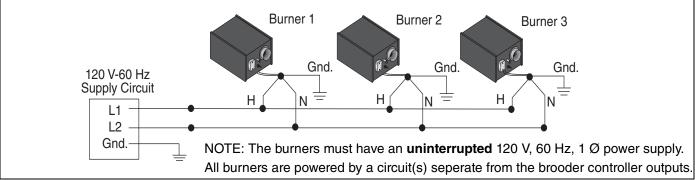
^{*} See Page 37, Section 10.2 through Page 46, Section 10.5.4 for temperature control device options and wiring schematic.

10.7 Ladder Diagram

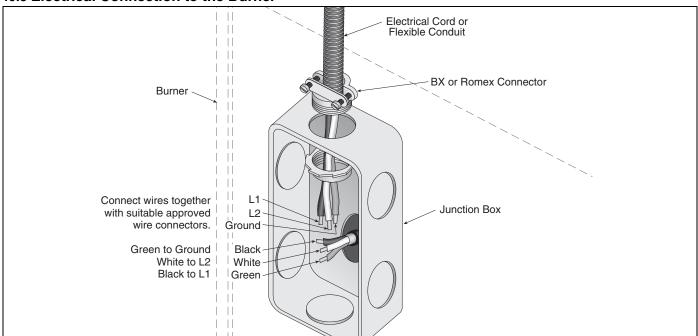


See Page 37, Section 10.2 through Page 46, Section 10.5.4 for temperature control device options and wiring schematic.

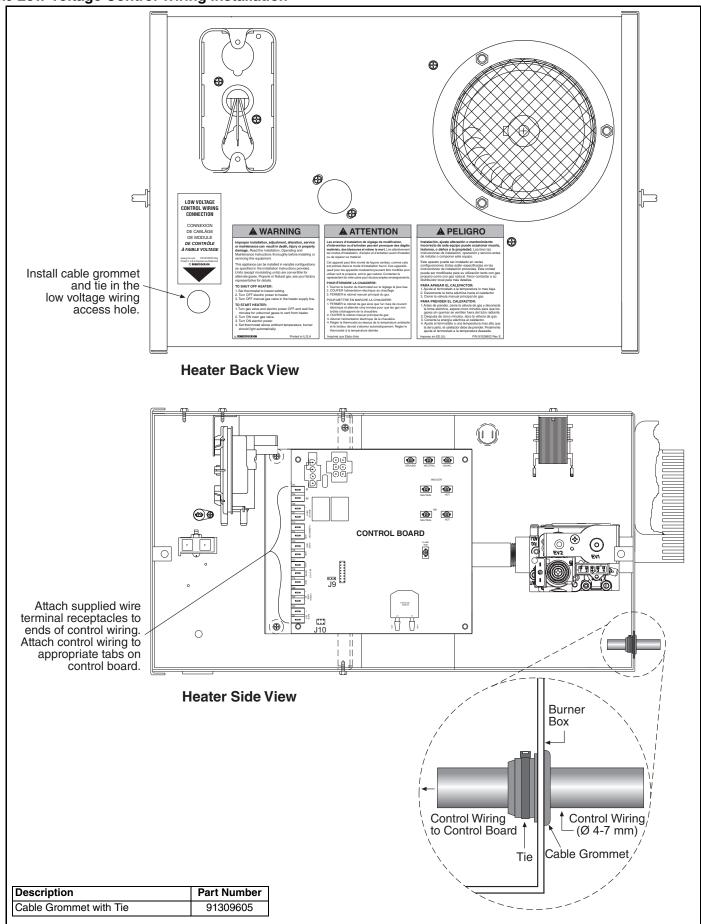
FIGURE 26: Line Voltage Power Wiring



10.8 Electrical Connection to the Burner



10.9 Low Voltage Control Wiring Installation



SECTION 11: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

11.1 Sequence of Operation

The control inside the heater's control compartment is equipped with a tri-color LED. The LED offers comprehensive diagnostic capability. The LED status will be referenced throughout this section.

- When the control is powered and there is no call for heat from external heat demand device, the LED on the control flashes slow green; LED is ON for the same period it is OFF.
- On a call for heat from the heat demand device, the heater will go to PRE-PURGE. The LED indicates one green flash. The blower speed will vary as the pressure switch setpoints are verified. When the PRE-PURGE is successfully completed, the heater will go into the PRE-IGNITION state and power the hot surface igniter (H.S.I.).
- 3. After the igniter warms up, the heater will go to the IGNITION state. Power is supplied to the gas valve operator. Gas flows, ignites and the flame is proven. The LED shows two green flashes on the LED. If a flame is not sensed, the heater will RETRY, see item 6 below for further details.
- 4. When the IGNITION state is completed, the heater will go to WARM UP state. The unit will fire at maximum input for 15 seconds. When the WARM UP state is completed the device will go into RUN state. The control board will monitor the heat demand device and modulate the heater input to meet the demand. The LED still shows two green flashes.
- 5. When the call for heat has been satisfied, the heater closes the gas valve. The blower continues to run for a 45 second post-purge period. After the post-purge, the heater turns OFF and the LED on the control board flashes slow green.
- 6. If flame is lost at any time during heater operation, the heater will RETRY for ignition. Upon RETRY the LED shows a fast yellow flash (LED rapidly flashes). The heater will RETRY for ignition three times. After four ignition attempts the heater will lockout for one hour or until reset. To reset the heater, remove power for 10 seconds then re-apply power. Turn heater

ON with call for heat from the heat demand device.

11.2 To Shut Off Heater

Set external heat demand device to lowest setting.

Turn OFF electric power to heater.

Turn OFF manual gas valve in the heater supply line.

11.3 To Start Heater

Turn gas valve and electric power OFF and wait five minutes for unburned gases to vent from heater.

Turn ON main gas valve.

Turn ON electric power.

Set heat demand device to desired temperature. Burner should light automatically.

11.4 Pre-Season Maintenance and Annual Inspection



Explosion Hazard

Service and annual inspection must be done by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment or your gas supplier.

Turn off gas and electrical supplies before performing service or maintenance.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.

To ensure your safety and years of trouble-free operation of the heating system, service and annual inspections must be done by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment.

Turn off gas and electric supplies before performing service or maintenance. Allow heater to cool before servicing.

Before every heating season, a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment must perform a thorough safety inspection of the heater.

For best performance, the gas, electrical, thermostat connections, tubing, venting, suspensions and overall heater condition should be thoroughly inspected.

NOTE: Gas flow and burner ignition are among the first things that should be inspected.

Please see Page 51, Section 11.5 for suggested items to inspect.

11.5 Maintenance Checklist



Explosion Hazard

Service and annual inspection must be done by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment or your gas supplier.

Turn off gas and electrical supplies before performing service or maintenance.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.

Installation Code and Annual Inspections: All installations and service of VAL-CO equipment must be performed by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of equipment sold and supplied by VAL-CO and conform to all requirements set forth in the VAL-CO manuals and all applicable governmental authorities pertaining to the installation, service and operation of the equipment.

To help facilitate optimum performance and safety, VAL-CO recommends that a qualified contractor annually inspect your VAL-CO equipment and perform service where necessary, using only VAL-CO replacement parts.

The Vicinity of the Heater

Do not store or use flammable objects, liquids or vapors near the heater. Immediately remove these items if they are present.

See Page 3, Section 3.

Vehicles and Other Objects

Maintain the clearances to combustibles.

Do not hang anything from, or place anything on, the heater.

Make sure nothing is lodged underneath the reflector, in between the tubes or in the decorative or protective grilles (included with select models).

Immediately remove objects in violation of the clearances to combustibles.

See Page 3, Section 3.

Reflector

Make sure there is no dirt, sagging, cracking or distortion.

Do not operate if there is sagging, cracking or distortion.

Make sure reflectors are correctly overlapped. See Page 16, Section 6.5.1.

Clean outside surface with a damp cloth.

Vent Pipe

Venting must be intact. Using a flashlight, look for obstructions, cracks on the

pipe, gaps in the sealed areas or corrosion.

The area must be free of dirt and dust.

Remove any carbon deposits or scale using a wire brush.

See Page 26, Section 8.

Outside Air Inlet

Inlet must be intact. Look for obstructions, cracks on the pipe, gaps in the sealed areas or corrosion.

The area must be free of dirt and dust. Clean and reinstall as required.

Tubes	Make sure there are no cracks.	
	Make sure tubes are connected and suspended securely.	
	See Page 9, Section 6.	
	Make sure there is no sagging, bending or distortion.	
	Clean or replace as required.	
_		
Gas Line	Check for gas leaks. See Page 34, Section 9.	
Burner Observation	Make sure it is clean and free of cracks or holes.	
Window	Clean and replace as required.	
Blower Scroll, Wheel and Motor	Compressed air or a vacuum cleaner may be used to clean dust and dirt.	
Burner Cup and Orifice	Clear of obstructions (even spider webs will cause problems).	
	Carefully remove any dust and debris from the burner.	
Hot-Surface Igniter	Replace if cracked or broken.	
Heat Demand Device:	There should be no exposed wire or damage to the device or wiring.	
Thermostat, Zone Sensor, External Pot or 0-10 Vdc or	One Board OF Continue 40	
4 - 20 mA wiring		
Suspension Points	Make sure the heater is hanging securely.	
	Look for signs of wear on the chain or ceiling.	
	See Page 9, Figure 9.	
Decorative and Protective Grille (optional)	The grille must be securely attached.	
	Check that the side reflector extensions are installed correctly and secured in place if necessary (Decorative grille only.)	
	See Page 23, Section 7.5 and Page 25, Section 7.6	
	Make sure shield is installed correctly and secured in place if necessary. (Decorative grille only.) See Page 24, Section 7.5.2.	
Lower Clearance Shield	The lower shield must be securely attached.	
(optional)	Inspect shield support straps and lower clearance shield anchor points.	
	See Page 23, Section 7.4.	
	Make sure shield is installed correctly and secured in place if necessary.	
	See Page 23, Section 7.4.	
Silicone Tubing	Ensure tight, secure fit on all pressure fittings at gas valve, pressure switch, pressure sensor, burner partition, and blower outlet.	

Gas Valve

Verify silicone tubing has a tight secure fit on "vent" fitting.

Verify that plastic cap on covering pressure regulator adjustment screw is secure and has not been tampered with.

Do not remove plastic regulator cap or attempt to adjust valve pressure regulator.

Verify all wiring connections.

SECTION 12: TROUBLESHOOTING

12.1 Control LED

The control inside the heater's control compartment is equipped with a tri-color LED. The LED offers comprehensive diagnostic capability. The LED is showing some form of status signal at all times when

the control is powered. The color of the LED

differentiates normal from error conditions as follows:

GREEN indicates normal operation.

RED indicates an error condition.

YELLOW (fast flashing) indicates a RETRY attempt.

LED NOT LIT indicates no power to control.

AMBER,

Fast Flashing: Heater is in RETRY mode.

RED Steady LED: Control FAILURE,

No 24 V power supply.

RED, 1 flash: Lockout: Air flow could

be caused by:

Air Side Door

Blower

 Obstruction in inlet or outlet

Pressure hose fittings

Lockout: Air Flow Zero.

Condition is caused by a pressure sensor failure or

complete blockage of air

intake or exhaust vent.

Pressure Switch

12.2 General LED Codes

No LED: No Power to control.

Slow Green: LED slowly flashes on and off, indicates power to the control

board but no call for heat.

GREEN, 1 flash: Call for heat indicates the

heater isperforming the safe start pre-purge function or

H.S.I. warm-up.

RED, 3 flashes:

RED, 2 flashes:

Lockout: No Flame Sensed.

Condition could be caused by:

Flame Rod

• H.S.I.

Gas Supply

• 120 V Supply Polarity

GREEN, 2 flashes: Call for heat indicates the

heater is performing light off,

heater warm-up, or heater run.

RED, 4 flashes: Lockout: Gas Valve.

Condition caused by main

valve on gas valve.

Check gas valve wiring.

GREEN, 3 flashes: *Only applicable for

thermostat control*

Gas ON - No call for heat, unit

modulating from single stage

thermostat.

RED. 5 flashes:

Lockout: Board Failure.

Board must be replaced.

AMBER, 1 flash: Call for heat when flame signal

is below µA

RED, 6 flashes:

Not used.

AMBER, 2 flashes: Gas ON - Call for heat when

flame signal is below µA

RED, 7 flashes: Lockout: Limit String.

Condition could be caused by:

Fuse blown

AMBER, 3 flashes: *Only applicable for

thermostat control*

Gas ON - No call for heat, unit modulating from single stage

thermostat when flame signal

is below µA

RED, 8 flashes: Lockout: Modulation.

Condition could be caused by:

Pressure Sensor

Pressure Switch

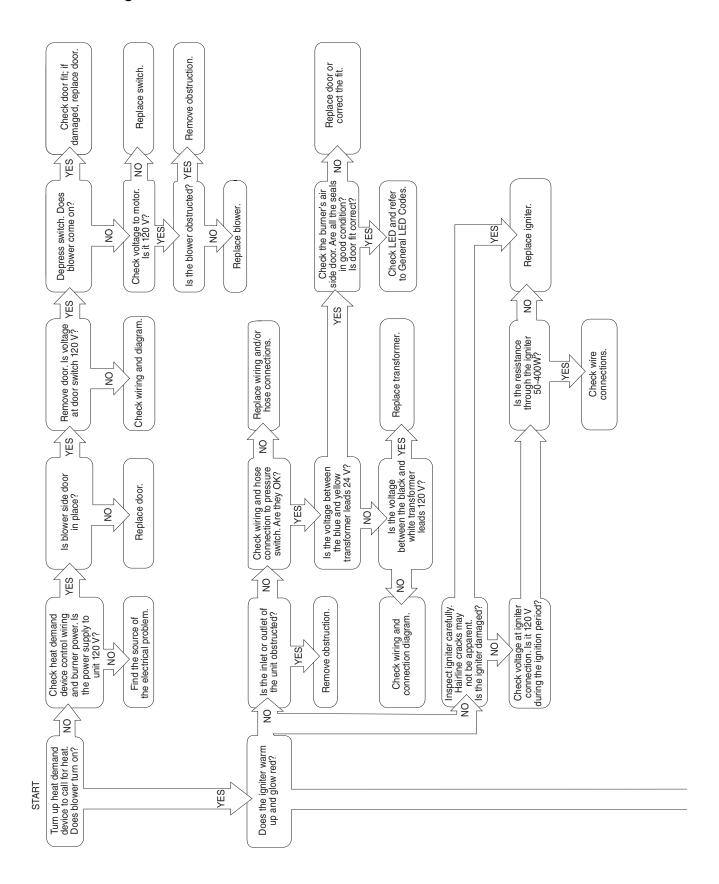
• Gas Valve Modulation Coil

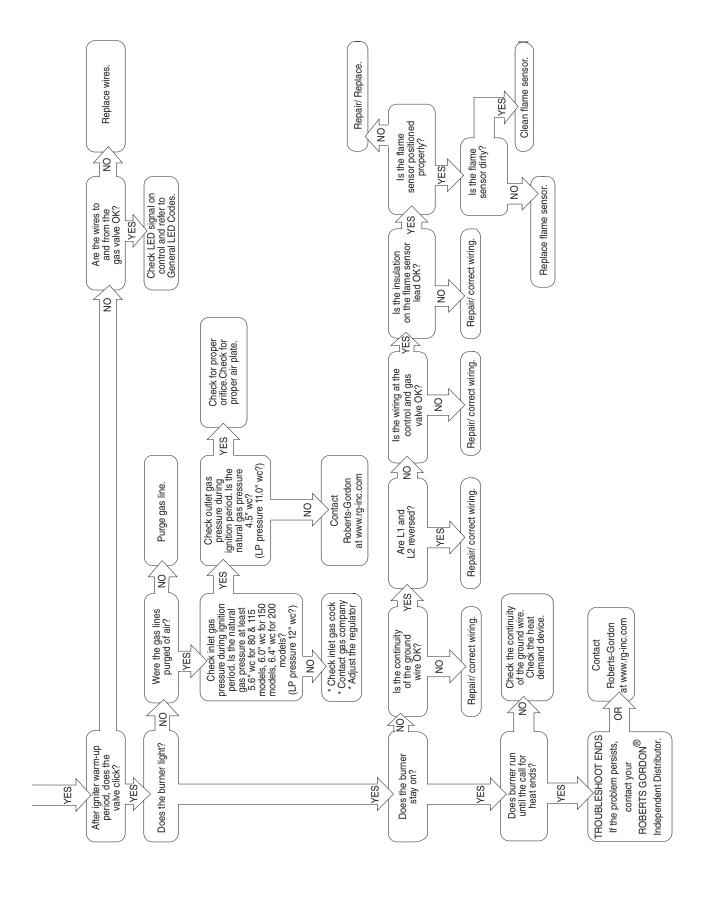
RED, 9 flashes:

Lockout- Lookout - Air Supply. Condition could be caused by:

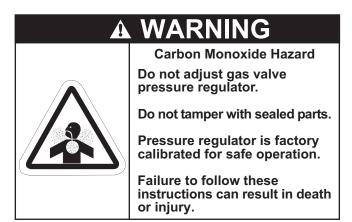
- Blower
- Pneumatic Conections to Pressure Sensor
- Blockage in flue or inlet

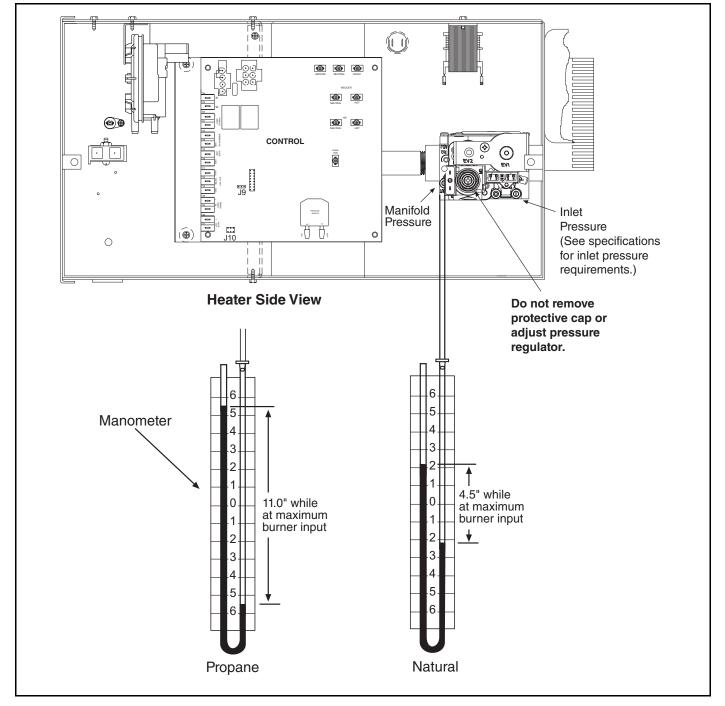
12.3 Troubleshooting Flow Chart



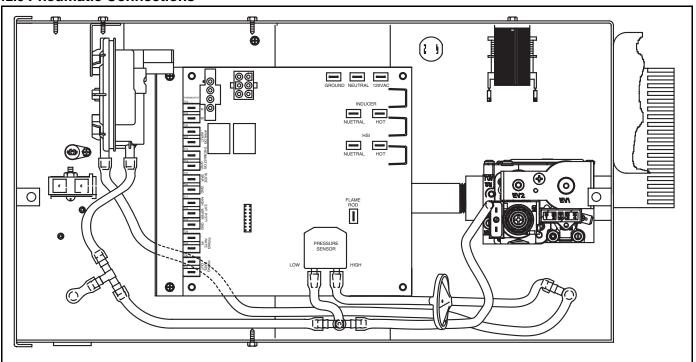


12.4 Manifold Gas Pressure Measurement





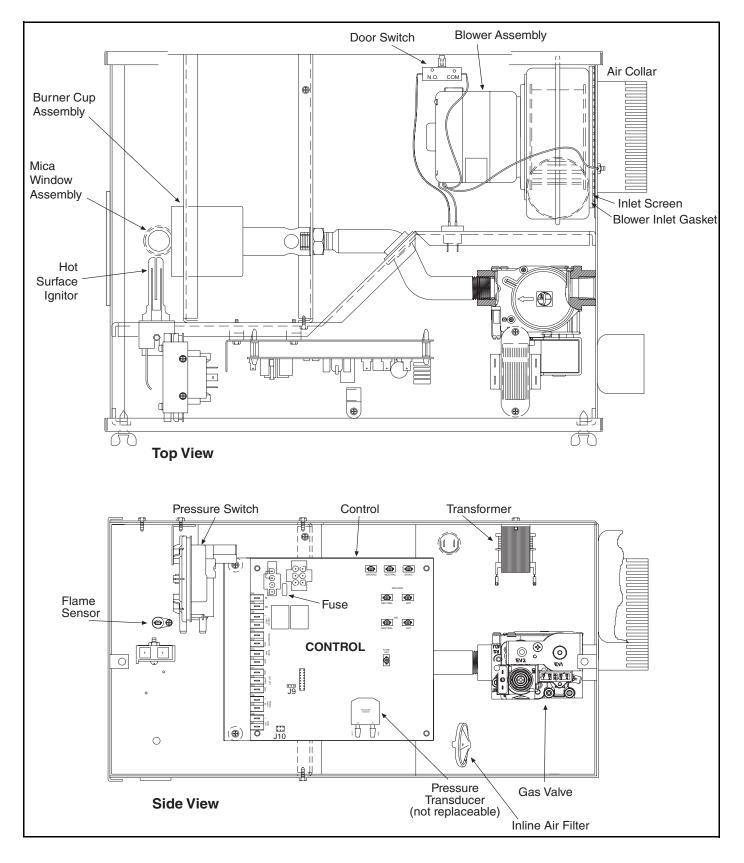
12.5 Pneumatic Connections



SECTION 13: REPLACEMENT PARTS

Use only genuine Val-Co replacement parts.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in property damage.



Description	Part Number
Gas Valve (Natural)	90033105K
Gas Valve (LP)	90033104K
Tube Gasket	02568200
Blower Inlet Gasket (80, 115 models)	03050900
Blower Inlet Gasket (150, 200 models)	90709910
Blower Assembly (80, 115)	90708602
Blower Assembly (150, 200)	90709900
Air Collar (80, 115 models)	91911700
Air Collar (150, 200 models)	91911701
Inlet Screen (80, 115)	03050800
Inlet Screen (150, 200)	09050001
Door Switch	90436800
Burner Cup Assembly	03020100
Hot Surface Igniter	90436600K
Mica Window Assembly	02553203
Flame Sensor	90439300
Transformer	90436900K
Fuse (Control) 3 A	91321403
Inline Air Filter	90707010
Pressure Switch	
(80 NG)	90439802K
(200 NG)	90439803K
(150 NG, 150 LP, 200 LP)	90439804K
(80 LP, 115 NG, 115 LP)	90439812K
Control	
80NG	90320101K
80LP	90320102K
115NG	90320103K
115LP	90320104K
150NG	90320105K
150LP	90320106K
200NG	90320107K
200LP	90320108K

SECTION 14: GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

14.1 Material Specification

14.1.1 Reflectors

.024 Aluminum

(Optional .024 Stainless Steel Type 304)

14.2 Heater Specifications

14.2.1 Control System

Modulating Gas Valve and Hot Surface Electronic Ignition Control with Four-try, 100% shut-off, Prepurge, Post-Purge, Auto Reset, Tri-color LED Status/Fault Indicator.

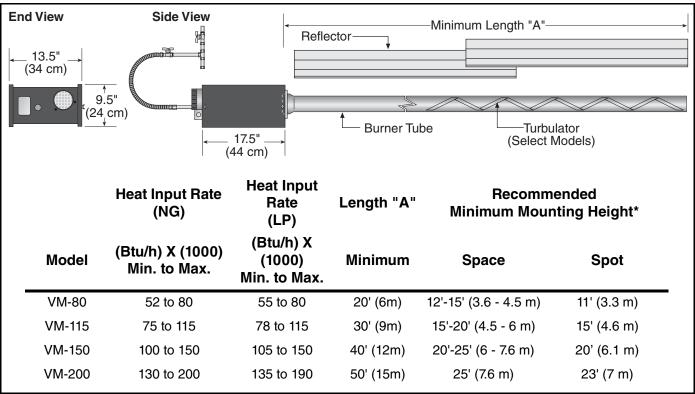
14.3 Suspension Specifications

Hang heater with materials with a minimum working load of 75 lbs (33 kg). See Page 9, Figure 9.

14.4 Controls Specifications

Time switches, sensors, etc. can be wired into the electrical supply. External controls supplied as an optional extra.

General Specifications for the heaters are as follows:



^{*}See Page 3, Section 3 for clearances to combustibles.

GAS PRESSURE AT MANIFOLD:

Natural Gas: 4.5" wc
LP Gas: 11.0" wc

PIPE CONNECTION:

1/2" NPT (for 80 & 115 models) 3/4" NPT (for 150 & 200 models)

DIMENSIONS:

Vent Connection Size: 4" (10 cm)

Outside Air Connection Size: 5" (13 cm) for 150 & 200 models 4" (10 cm) for 80 & 115 models

Refer to figure above for dimensional information.

GAS INLET PRESSURE:

Natural Gas:

for 80, 115 & 150 models

5.5" wc Minimum
14.0" wc Maximum
6.0" wc Minimum
14.0" wc Maximum
12.0" wc Minimum
14.0" wc Maximum
14.0" wc Maximum

ELECTRICAL RATING (ALL MODELS):

120V - 60 Hz., 4.8 A (start), 1.3 A (run)

Attach this information to a wall near the VAL-CO heater.



People. Products. Solutions.

Read the Installation, Operation, and Service Manual thoroughly before installation, operation, or service. Know your model number and installed configuration.

Model number and installed configuration are found on the burner and in the Installation, Operation and Service Manual.

Write the largest clearance dimensions with permanent ink according to your model number and configuration in the open spaces below.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. STOP! Read all safety instructions on this information sheet.
- 2. Open the manual gas valve in the heater supply line.
- 3. Turn on electric power to the heater.
- 4. Set the thermostat to desired setting.

TO TURN OFF THE HEATER

1. Set the thermostat to off or the lowest setting.

IF THE HEATER WILL NOT OPERATE, TO ENSURE YOUR SAFETY, **FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS TO SHUT DOWN YOUR HEATER**

- 1. Set the thermostat to off or the lowest setting.
- 2. Turn off electric power to the heater.
- 3. Turn off the manual gas valve in the heater supply line.
- 4. Call your registered installer/contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment.

AWARNING



Fire Hazard

Some objects can catch fire or explode when placed close to heater.

Keep all flammable objects, liquids and vapors the required clearances to combustibles away from heater.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.

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VAL-CO.

VAL-U. 210 East Main Street P.O. Box 117 Coldwater, OH 45828-2526 Telephone: 800-998-2526 Fax: 419-678-2200

Installation Code and Annual Inspections:

All installations and service of VAL-CO® equipment must be performed by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of equipment sold and supplied by Val-Co. and conform to all requirements set forth in the VAL-CO® manuals and all applicable governmental authorities pertaining to the installation, service and operation of the equipment. To help facilitate optimum performance and safety, Val-Co. recommends that a qualified contractor annually inspect your VAL-CO® equipment and perform service where necessary, using only replacement parts sold and supplied by VAL-CO®.

Further Information: Applications, engineering and detailed guidance on system design, installation and equipment performance is available through VAL-CO® representatives. Please contact us for any further information you may require, including the Installation, Operation, and Service Manual.

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