Combined Ventilation Controller

RVWS-T-224HA

8-stage Control for Power/Natural Applications

2 variable speed stages, 2 curtain winch stages, 2 cooling stages, (mister cycle available), 1 thermo/mister cycle stage and 1 heater stage

| VAR STAGE 1 VAR STAGE 2 |
|--|
| STAGE 3 STAGE 4 CURTAIN A OPEN CURTAIN A CLOSE CURTAIN B OPEN CURTAIN B CLOSE CURTAIN |

Installation Guide

PRECAUTIONS

We strongly recommend connecting the controller to an alarm system, and installing a supplementary natural ventilation system as well as a back-up thermostat on at least one cooling stage. Refer to the wiring diagram enclosed with this installation guide to connect the thermostat.

Inputs and outputs circuitry is protected against overload and overvoltage. However, we recommend installing an additional protection device on the supply circuit as well as an external relay on all ON-OFF stages to prolong the life of the controller.

To avoid exposing the controller to harmful gases or excessive humidity, it is preferable to install it in a corridor.

The room temperature where the controller is located MUST ALWAYS REMAIN BETWEEN 32° AND 104°F (0° AND 40°C).

DO NOT SPRAY WATER ON THE CONTROLLER.

FOR CUSTOMER USE

Enter below the serial number located on the side of the controller and retain this information for future reference.

Model number: RVWS-T-224HA

Serial number:

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FEATURES

The RVWS-T-224HA is a powerful environmental controller that can manage two variable ventilation stages, one on/off ventilation stage, one mist/fan stage, two curtains, a mist/heater/fan stage and a heater. All outputs (except for curtains) are controlled by the "room temperature", which is the temperature averaged from 1 to 4 probe readings. Curtain A is controlled by temperature zone A, and curtain B is controlled by temperature zone B. Heaters follow either the room temperature or a zone temperature, depending on user setup. An outside temperature probe may be used to modify curtain and high alarm offset behaviors. A humidity probe may be used to lower the humidity level by activating stage 1 or by deactivating the mist stage.

It is important to read both the RVWS-T-224HA User's Guide and the present Installation Guide. The Installation Guide provides information on physical characteristics of the controller, mounting, connections, probes, troubleshooting and technical specifications. The User's Guide explains the workings of the controller parameters.

RVWS-T-224HA highlights:

- Outdoor reading and recorded high/low temperatures
- Absolute values for all curtain/winch settings
- Manual override for curtains
- Displays absolute temperatures for all stages
- Temperature readings and high/low for both room and individual readings
- \oplus Selectable 2.0 °F (1.1 °C) offset for all on/off stages
- Optional humidity probe (reading and high/low) with relative humidity compensation
- Alarms for high, low and critical temperatures; power failure alarms
- 🕈 Test mode
- Set point and minimum ventilation curve, with 10 easily adjustable points
- Φ Temperature available in ∞ or Ψ units
- Up to two heating stages (zoned or cascading)
- Φ Curtains may be controlled by up to two different zone temperatures
- De-icing on variable stage 2
- Standard alarm output
- CSA approved for both the United States and Canada
- Outdoor temperature influence on high alarm offset and curtain logic
- Control of air inlets with potentiometer feedback (must be used in combination with RV-F-1A module)

Here is a brief description of the RVWST-224HA main features.

☑ Digital display

A three-digit display provides a high level of accuracy, allowing the user to specify a temperature to within one tenth of a degree (in Fahrenheit or Celsius units).

☑ Pilot lights

Pilot lights indicating the status of outputs allow you to monitor the operation of the system from a distance.

☑ Minimum ventilation cycle

When ventilation is not required for cooling, the first stage fans can be operated either continuously or intermittently to reduce the level of humidity and supply oxygen to the room.

☑ Temperature and minimum ventilation speed curves

The controller can be set to automatically change the temperature set point and the minimum ventilation speed over a given period of time in accordance with the user's requirements by specifying a temperature curve and a minimum ventilation speed curve with up to ten different points each.

\square Choice of ten motor types

The variation in motor speed resulting from a change in voltage will depend on the make and capacity of the motor. In order to achieve a high degree of compatibility between controller and motor, the user can choose from ten different motor types, thus ensuring that the correct voltages are supplied.

☑ Humidity compensation

As humidity increases, the minimum speed of stage 1 fans increases proportionally to compensate for the change.

✓ Full speed fan start up

In order to overcome the inertia of the ventilation system components and de-ice the fan blades in cold weather conditions, the controller supplies maximum voltage to the variable speed fans during the four seconds that immediately follow start-ups.

☑ Four independent temperature probe inputs

Up to four temperature probes can be connected to the controller in order to obtain a more accurate reading of the average room temperature and a faster reaction time.

☑ Outside temperature compensation on curtain speed

Curtain opening and closing times can be increased as a function of outside temperature.

$\ensuremath{\boxdot}$ Overload and overvoltage protection

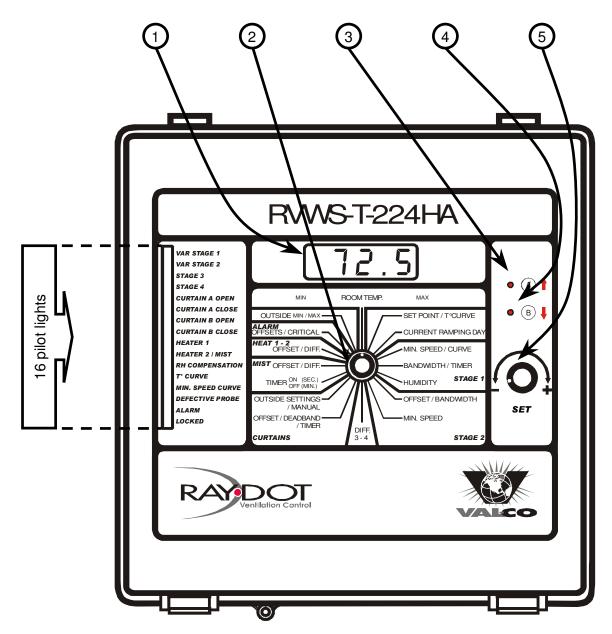
Inputs and outputs circuitry is protected against overload and overvoltage.

✓ Test mode

A test mode allows the user to simulate temperature changes and verify controller performance.

CONTROL INTERFACE

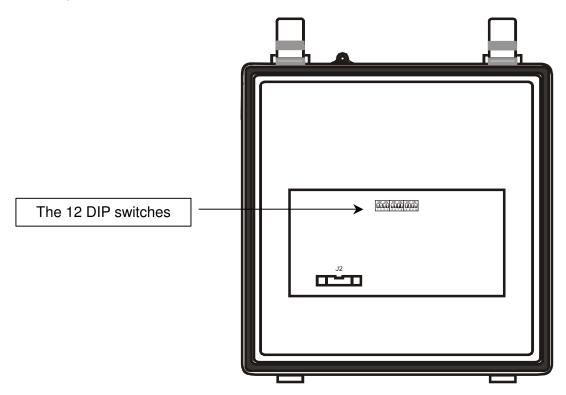
COVER



| Item | Name | Function |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1 | Digital display | Displays the value of the parameter selected. |
| 2 | Parameter selection knob | Used to select a parameter. |
| 3 | Push button A | Used to access sub-parameters. |
| 4 | Push button B | Used to access sub-parameters. |
| 5 | Adjustment knob | Used to adjust the value of the selected parameter and to access the TEST MODE (for an explanation on the test mode, see the footnote in the Factory Settings section). |
| | Variable stage 1 | Lights up when the fan variable stage 1 is activated. |
| | Variable stage 2 | Lights up when the fan variable stage 2 is activated. |
| | Stage 3 | Lights up when stage 3 is activated. |
| | Stage 4 | Lights up when stage 4 is activated. |
| | Curtain A open | Turns on when the zone A curtain is opening. |
| | Curtain A close | Turns on when the zone A curtain is closing. |
| hts | Curtain B open | Turns on when the zone B curtain is opening. |
| 16 pilot lights | Curtain B close | Turns on when the zone B curtain is closing. |
| pilo | Heater 1 | Lights up when heater 1 is activated. |
| 16 | Heater 2 | Lights up when heater 2 is activated. |
| | RH compensation | Turns on when compensating for relative humidity. |
| | Temperature curve | Is on when the temperature curve is activated. |
| | Minimum speed curve | Is on when the minimum speed curve (stage 1) is activated. |
| | Defective probe | Turns on when a probe is defective. |
| | Alarm | Lights up to signal an alarm. |
| | Locked | Is on when parameter settings are locked. |

DIP SWITCHES

These internal switches, located on the electronic card attached to the back of the cover, are used to set the operating modes described in the table below. When the controller is shipped from the factory, all the switches are set to off.



| DESCRIPTION | DIP SWITCH NO. | POSITION | OPERATING MODE | |
|-------------------------|----------------|----------|--|--|
| Locking the parameters | 1 | ON | Locked parameters | |
| Locking the parameters | Γ | OFF | Unlocked parameters | |
| Reserved | 2 | | Reserved | |
| Probe 2 | 3 | ON | Enabled | |
| FIDDE 2 | 5 | OFF | Disabled | |
| Probe 3 | 4 | ON | Enabled | |
| FIDDE 3 | 4 | OFF | Disabled | |
| Probe 4 | 5 | ON | Enabled | |
| FIDDE 4 | 5 | OFF | Disabled | |
| Reserved | 6 | Reserved | | |
| Heater 2 enabled | 7 | ON | 2 heaters | |
| Heater 2 enabled | 7 | OFF | 1 heater | |
| Zanad/according booting | 0 | ON | Zoned heating | |
| Zoned/cascading heating | 8 | OFF | Cascading heating | |
| Reserved | 9 | Reserved | | |
| Offect on yest stages | 10 | ON | 2.0 °F (1.1 °C) offset on vent. stages | |
| Offset on vent stages | 10 | OFF | No offset on vent. stages | |
| De leing | 11 | ON | Enabled | |
| De-Icing | | OFF | Disabled | |
| Reserved | 12 | Reserved | | |

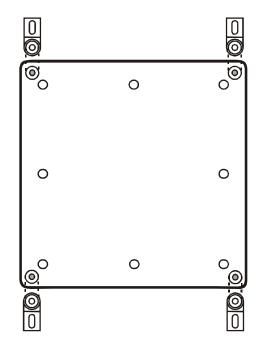
INSTALLATION

MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

The enclosure must be mounted in a location that will allow the cover to be completely opened right up against the wall.

Fasten the four brackets to the four mounting holes on the back of the enclosure, using the four screws provided with the brackets. Then mount the enclosure on the wall by inserting screws through the brackets' adjustment slots, into the wall. Make sure to position the enclosure so that the power supply cord extends out of the bottom section of the enclosure.

The bracket slots also serve to adjust the position of the controller. Once you have adjusted the controller position, tighten the four mounting screws.



CONNECTIONS

To connect the controller, refer to the wiring diagram enclosed with this installation manual.

- 1. Set the voltage switch to the appropriate line voltage.
- 2. Drill access holes on the bottom of the enclosure only. Do not drill holes on the side or the top of the enclosure.
- 3. It may be necessary to install a transformer on the heating stage in order to supply the appropriate voltage to the heating unit.

Alarm Connection

There are two types of alarms on the market. One type sets off when current is cut off at its input; the other sets off when current is supplied at its input. For the first type of alarm, use the NO terminal as shown on the wiring diagram. For an alarm of the second type, use the NC terminal.



ALL WIRING MUST BE DONE BY AN AUTHORIZED ELECTRICIAN AND MUST COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE CODES, LAWS AND REGULATIONS. BE SURE POWER IS OFF BEFORE DOING ANY WIRING TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCKS AND EQUIPMENT DAMAGE.

MOTOR TYPES

The relationship between the voltage supplied to a motor and its operating speed is described by a motor type. This type varies with the make and capacity of the motor. The various motors available in the industry have been represented.

Select the appropriate type to ensure that the controller supplies the correct voltage to the stage 1 and 2 variable speed fan motors. The factory default selection is type number 10.

| MOTOR TYPES | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------|--|--|
| TYPE NUMBER | TYPE NUMBER BRAND NAME MODEL DIAMETER | | | | | |
| 1 to 8 | Other | — | — | — | | |
| | Val-Co | FW08W120MSA 8" | | | | |
| 9 | Val-Co | FW10W130MSA | 10" | 230 V | | |
| 9 | Val-Co | PM12^140MPA | 12" | 230 V | | |
| | Val-Co | PM16^140MPA | 16" | | | |
| | Val-Co | PM21^140MPA | 21", 3 blades | | | |
| 10 | Val-Co | PM21^190LPA | 21", 4 blades | 230 V | | |
| 10 | Val-Co | PM24^210MPA | 24" | 230 V | | |
| | Val-Co | PM36^280M*A | 36" | | | |

Selecting a Motor Type for Stage 1

In the motor types table above, locate the make and capacity of your stage 1 variable speed motors and note the corresponding type number (1 to 10).

- 1. Set the parameter selection knob to BANDWIDTH/TIMER (STAGE 1). The stage 1 bandwidth appears flashing on the display.
- 2. Press the push-button **1**. The message "tyP" appears on the display, alternating with the currently selected type number, which flashes.
- 3. Using the adjustment knob, adjust the type number to the desired value.

Selecting a Motor Type for Stage 2

Repeat the steps described for stage 1, this time setting the parameter selection knob to MIN. SPEED (STAGE 2).

TEMPERATURE UNITS

This product is available in both Celsius and Fahrenheit temperature units. Please contact your dealer for more details.

TEMPERATURE PROBES

Connecting the Probes

The controller is supplied with one room probe connected to terminal # 1.



The probes operate at low voltage and are isolated from the supply. Be sure that probe cables remain isolated from all high voltage sources. In particular, do not route the probe cables through the same electrical conduits as other cables. Do not run probe cables next to other power cables. If crossing over other cables, cross at 90°. Connect the probe shield to the power supply ground terminal.

Switches are used to activate or deactivate the additional probes connected to the controller.

Activate each additional probe by setting the appropriate switch to on.

- Switch # 3 activates the probe connected to input # 2;
- Switch # 4 activates the probe connected to input # 3;
- Switch # 5 activates the probe connected to input # 4.

Extending the Probes

Each probe can be extended up to 500 feet (150 meters). To extend a probe:

- 1. Use a shielded cable of an outside diameter ranging between 0.245 and 0.260 in. (6.22 and 6.60 mm) to ensure the cable entry is liquid-tight. Cable size should not be under 18 AWG.
- 2. It is preferable to solder the cable joints (to ensure a proper contact between the two cables) and to solder the shields.

Installing the Room Probes

The building may be separated in two heating zones. Depending on how many inside probes are activated, the zones will be divided differently.

| PROBES CONTROLLING HEAT ZONES | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Activated Probes | Probe(s) Controlling Zone A | Probe(s) Controlling Zone B | ROOM TEMP. averaged from which probe reading(s) | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| 1,2 | 1 | 2 | 1,2 | | |
| 1,3 | 1 | 3 | 1,3 | | |
| 1,4 | 1 | 4 | 1,4 | | |
| 1,2,3 | 1,2 | 3 | 1,2,3 | | |
| 1,2,4 | 1,2 | 4 | 1,2,4 | | |
| 1,3,4 | 1 | 3,4 | 1,3,4 | | |
| 1,2,3,4 | 1,2 | 3,4 | 1,2,3,4 | | |

Installing the Humidity Probe

Install the humidity probe in the middle of the controlled area, where there is good airflow.

Installing the Outside Probe

- 1. Run the outside probe cable on the north side of the building, 6 ft. (2 m) below the eave, inside a pale colored conduit. Avoid installing the probe in a location where it will be exposed to direct sunlight or to rain.
- 2. Be sure the probe cable is isolated from sheet metal or any other conductive material.
- 3. Be sure no cable joint is exposed to air or water.

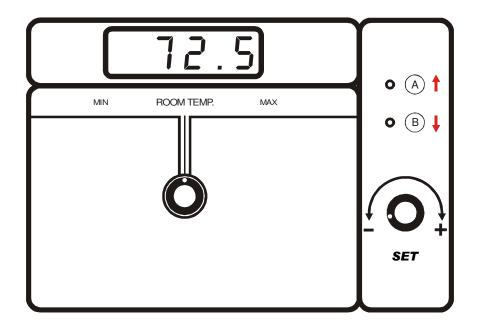
Defective Probes

Room Temperature Probes

If an activated probe is defective or missing, the defective probe pilot light turns on. The display shows the value of the temperature measured by the remaining room probe(s), and the controller operates according to this temperature. If all room probes are defective or missing, the screen will display "**P Lo**" when the parameter selection knob is set to ROOM TEMP., and the controller will operate as if all temperature readings were equal to the **Set Point**.

To identify the defective probe:

Set the selection knob to ROOM TEMP. The room temperature is displayed.



Press push-button A or B until the screen displays "**Pr#**" (Probe # [number]). If the probe connected to the corresponding terminal <u>is not</u> defective, the screen displays "**Pr#**" alternating

with the temperature measured by the corresponding probe. Otherwise, the letter displays "**Pr#**" alternating with "**Pr#Lo**" or "**Pr#Hi**".

Outside Temperature Probe

If the outside probe is defective and the "**Outside Set Point Option**" is on, the outside set point temporarily becomes deactivated. When this happens, the defective probe pilot light turns on, and the display shows the letter "**P Lo**" or "**P Hi**" when the parameter selection knob is set to OUTSIDE (refer to "**Outside Set Point**" in the User's Guide).

If the "Outside Set Point Option" is set to off, the outside probe activity is not monitored and the defective probe pilot light will not reflect outside probe malfunction.

Humidity Probe

If the humidity probe is defective or if there is no humidity probe, the defective probe pilot light does not turn on, but the display shows the letter "**P Lo**" or "**P Hi**" when the parameter selection knob is set to STAGE 1 HUMIDITY (refer to "Stage 1 Humidity Readout" in the User's Guide).

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|---|--|--|
| There is no display. | The circuit breaker on the service panel is off or tripped. | Reset the circuit breaker. |
| | The wiring is incorrect. | Correct the wiring. |
| | The input fuse is open. | Replace the fuse. |
| | The voltage selector switch is in the wrong position. | Set the switch to the correct position. |
| | The display board interconnect cable is not properly plugged into the power supply board. | Be sure the cable is firmly plugged in. |
| The display shows "P Lo" or "P Hi" when the parameter | The outside probe is improperly connected. | Correct the outside probe connection. |
| selection knob is set to OUTSIDE. | The outside probe is defective. | Refer to "Defective Probes". |
| The display shows "P Lo" or "P Hi" when the parameter | All activated probes are improperly connected. | Make the correct room probe connection. |
| selection knob is set to ROOM TEMP. | All activated probes are defective. | Refer to "Defective Probes". |
| The defective probe pilot light is on. | One or more probes are defective. | Refer to "Defective Probes". |
| The display shows sudden variations in the room or outside temperature. | A variation in resistance is induced on a probe. | Be sure the probes are dry. Locate them away from drafts and sources of radiant heating. Be sure the outside probe is installed correctly. Refer to "Installing the Outside Probe". |
| | There is electrical noise near a probe cable. | Isolate the probe cables from all high voltage sources. Do not route probe cables and other power cables through the same electrical knockout. Do not run probe cables next to other power cables. When crossing other power cables, cross at 90°. |

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|---|---|--|
| The stage 1 or 2 variable speed fan is not running. | The wiring is incorrect. | Be sure that each variable speed fan is properly connected to the corresponding VARIABLE STG1 & STG2 terminals. Each fan requires two wires to be connected. |
| | The stage 1 and 2 fuse is blown. | Replace the fuse. |
| | The minimum speed is too low. | Adjust the minimum speed to a higher value. |
| | The fan motor is defective. | Check if the motor is defective by connecting it to an alternate power supply. If it still is not operating, replace the motor. |
| The stage 1 or 2 variable | The wiring is incorrect. | Fix the wiring. |
| speed fan runs continuously at full speed. | The ambient temperature is above the set point + bandwidth. | Adjust the set point or bandwidth to the desired value. |
| The stage 1 or 2 variable speed fans run erratically. | The selected motor type is inappropriate | Select an appropriate motor type. Refer to "Motor Types". |
| | The bandwidth is too small. | Adjust the bandwidth to a higher value. |
| | The stage 1 on time or off time is too short. | Adjust the stage 1 on time or off time to a higher value. |
| | A variation in resistance induced on a room probe causes this probe to measure sudden variations in the room temperature. | Be sure the room probes are dry. Locate them away from drafts and sources of radiant heating. |
| | Electrical noise near a room probe cable causes this probe to measure sudden variations in the room temperature. | Isolate the room probe cables from all high voltage sources. Do not route probe cables and other power cables through the same electrical knockout. Do not run probe cables next to other power cables. When crossing other cables, cross at 90°. |
| | Stage power are not in phase with line power. | Be sure that the stage power and line power are in phase. |
| The stage 1 variable speed fan runs continuously when the | The stage 1 off time is set to zero. | Set the stage 1 off time to a value other than zero. |
| room temperature is below the room set point or when the controller operates in minimum | The wiring is incorrect. | Be sure that two wires connect the stage 1 fan to the corresponding VARIABLE STG1 terminal. |
| ventilation cycle. | Humidity compensation is activated and relative humidity exceeds the humidity set point. | Adjust the humidity set point or deactivate compensation, as required. |

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--|--|--|
| Stage 3 (fan), stage 4 (fan or mist), | The wiring is incorrect. | Be sure that two wires connect each stage to the corresponding terminal. |
| stage 5 (heater or mist), or stage 6 (heater) is not functioning properly. | The fan motor, heater or mist is defective. | Check if the motor, heater or mist is defective by connecting it to an alternate power supply. If it still is not operating, replace the motor or heater. |
| | The controller is defective. | Listen to check if there is a clicking sound when the stage or heater-mist pilot light turns on. If there is no clicking sound, your controller needs repair. |
| The mist is not operating as desired. | The mist on time and off time were incorrectly adjusted. | The mist on time is in seconds, and its off time is in <u>minutes</u> . Adjust the mist on time and off time correctly. |
| Curtain A or B is not operating. | The wiring is incorrect. | Be sure that the three winch wires are correctly hooked to their corresponding terminals. |
| | The controller is defective. | Listen to check if there is a clicking sound when the curtain pilot light turns on. If there is no clicking sound, your controller needs repair. |
| | The winch motor is defective. | Check if the motor is defective by connecting it to an alternate power supply. If it still is not operating, replace the motor. |
| The alarm doesn't work | The alarm's fuse is blown. | Replace the fuse. |
| properly. | The wiring is incorrect. | Correct the wiring. Refer to "Alarm Connection". |
| | The alarm is defective. | Verify if the alarm unit is defective by connecting it to an alternate power supply. Replace the alarm unit if it still is not operating. |
| | The controller is defective. | Listen to check if there is a clicking sound when the alarm pilot light turns on. If there is not clicking sound, contact your distributor to have the controller repaired. |

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| DESCRIPTION | VALUE |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Input power | 10 W |
| Power source (line) | 115/230 VAC, -20%, +10%, 50/60 Hz |
| Power fuse | 0.125 A @ 250 V, slow blow, 5 X 20 mm |
| Stages 3 to 6, and curtains A and B | 10 A @ 125/250 VAC 1 HP @ 250 VAC ½ HP @ 125 VAC |
| Stage 1 and stage 2 | 10 A @ 115/230 VAC Minimal charge: 25 mA @ 50/60 Hz |
| Alarm relay | 1 A @ 30 VDC |
| Stage 1 and stage 2 power source | 115/230 VAC, -20%, +10%, 50/60 Hz (same power as line power) |
| Stage 1 and stage 2 fuse | 15 A @ 250 VAC, slow blow |
| Storage temperature | -4 °F to 130 °F (-20 °C to 55 °C) |
| Operating temperature | 32 °F to 120 °F (0 °C to 50 °C) |
| Temperature range – inside probes | -6.0 ℉ to 168.6 ℉ (-21.1 ℃ to 75.9 ℃) |
| Temperature range – outside probes | -43.2 to 165.6°F (-41.8 to 74.3°C) |
| Weight | 7.8 lbs. (3.54 kg) |
| Dimensions | 13" X 13" X 6" (33 X 33 X 15.24 cm) |
| Curtains | ½ HP @ 115 V; 1 HP @ 250 V 8 A @ 30 VDC |

FACTORY SETTINGS

| | Position | Parameter A↑ B↓ | Factory Setting | Range of Values |
|-----------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | Room Temp. Readout | _ | |
| | | Lo | — | |
| | | Hi | — | |
| | | Probe 1 Readout | — | |
| | | Probe 1 Lo | — | |
| | | Probe 1 Hi | — | |
| | | Probe 2 Readout | — | |
| ROOM | ROOM TEMP. | Probe 2 Lo | — | -6.0 to 168.6°F (-21.1 to 75.9°C) |
| TEMP. | MIN./MAX. | Probe 2 Hi | — | |
| | Win 1 ./ Wi/ U (. | Probe 3 Readout | — | |
| | | Probe 3 Lo | — | |
| | | Probe 3 Hi | — | |
| | | Probe 4 Readout | — | |
| | | Probe 4 Lo | — | |
| | | Probe 4 Hi | — | |
| | | Test Mode* | OFF | |
| | | Software Version | 2 | 2 |
| | SET POINT/ | Set Point | 75.0°F (24.0°C) | -40.0 to 100.0°F (-40.0 to 40.0°C) |
| | T°CURVE | Adjust Day | — | 1 to 255 |
| SET POINT | | Adjust Temperature | — | -40.0 to 100.0°F (-40.0 to 40.0°C) |
| | CURRENT | Current Day | OFF | |
| | RAMPING DAY | Adjust Current Day | OFF | OFF, 1 to 255 |
| | MIN. SPEED/ | Minimum Speed | 40 | 12 to 100% |
| | CURVE | Adjust Day | — | OFF, 1 to 255 |
| | OONVE | Adjust Minimum Speed | — | 12 to 100% |
| | | Bandwidth | 2.0°F (1.0°C) | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) |
| | BANDWIDTH/ | Min. Ventilation On Time | 15 | 0 to 900 seconds |
| STAGE 1 | TIMER | Min. Ventilation Off Time | 0 | |
| | | Motor Type | 10 | 1 to 10 |
| | | Readout | — | |
| | | Lo | — | 10 to 90 RH% |
| | HUMIDITY | Hi | — | |
| | | R.H. Speed Compensation | 50 | 0 to 100% |
| | | Humidity Set Point | 65 | 10 to 90 RH% |
| | | Compensation Option | OFF | ON/OFF |

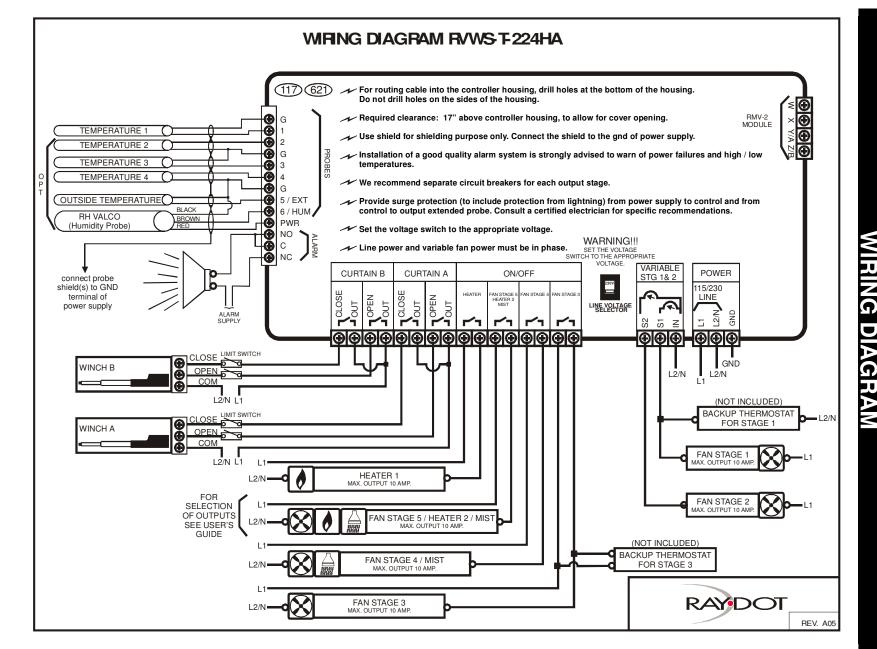
^{*} The **Test Mode** simulates a temperature reading, allowing the user to test the control's reaction at a given temperature.

To access the **Test Mode**, the user must position the parameter selection knob to ROOM TEMP. and press pushbutton A or B until "tESt" appears alternating with "OFF" on the display. To activate the TEST MODE, the user must turn the SET knob back and forth; "tESt" will briefly appear on the display, followed by the default simulation temperature. Using the SET knob, the user may modify this default simulation value – which is the ROOM TEMP. – by 0.1° increments, and specify any temperature ranging from -6.0°F to 168.6°F (-21.1°C to 75.9°C).

To deactivate the **Test Mode**, the user must move the SET knob back and forth; "tESt" will appear alternating with "OFF" on the display. Or, if the user does not turn a knob or a push a button for five minutes, the control will deactivate the **Test Mode** automatically.

| | Position | Parameter A↑ B↓ | Factory Setting | Range of Values |
|------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|
| | OFFSET/ BANDWIDTH | Offset Bandwidth | 2.0°F (1.0°C) | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) |
| STAGE 2 | | Minimum Speed | 40 | 12 to 100% |
| 0 | | De-icing Cycle Time | 1 | 1 to 720 minutes |
| | MIN. SPEED | De-icing On Time | 0 | 0 to 900 seconds |
| | | Motor Type | 10 | 1 to 10 |
| STAGES 3-4 | DIFF. 3-4 | Stage 3 Differential Stage 4 Differential | 2.0°F (1.0°C) | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) |
| | OFFSET/ DEADBAND/ | Opening Offset Curtains Deadband | 8.0°F (6.0°C) 2.0°F (1.0°C) | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) |
| | TIMER | Curtains On Time | 30 | 0 to 900 seconds |
| CURTAINS | | Curtains Off Time | 90 | 0 10 900 Seconds |
| CONTINUE | | Outside Set Point | 70.0°F (16.0°C) | -40.0 to 100.0°F (-40.0 to 40.0°C) |
| | | Outside Set Point Option | OFF | ON/OFF |
| | | Curtain A Manual Override Curtain B Manual Override | AUTO | AUTO, 0 (OFF), 1 (CLOSE), OPEN |
| | | Inlet 1 | OFF | ON/OFF |
| | | Inlet 1 Step 0 | 5 | |
| | | Inlet 1 Step 1 Lo | 10 | |
| | | Inlet 1 Step 1 Hi | 25 | |
| RV-F-1A | | Inlet 1 Step 2 Lo | 50 | |
| OPTION | | Inlet 1 Step 2 Hi | 60 | 0 to 100% |
| | | Inlet 1 Step 3 | 75 | |
| INLET 1 | | Inlet 1 Step 4 | 80 | |
| | OUTSIDE | Inlet 1 Step 5 | 90 | |
| | SETTINGS/ | Inlet 1 Over Open Inlet 1 Over Bandwidth | 100 | |
| | MANUAL | Inlet 1 Drop | 5.0°F (3.0°C) OFF | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) ON/OFF |
| | | | _ | |
| | | Inlet 2 | OFF | ON/OFF |
| | | Inlet 2 Step 0 Inlet 2 Step 1 Lo | 5 10 | |
| | | Inlet 2 Step 1 Lo | 25 | - |
| RV-F-1A | | Inlet 2 Step 2 Lo | 50 | |
| OPTION | | Inlet 2 Step 2 Hi | 60 | 0 to 100% |
| | | Inlet 2 Step 3 | 75 | |
| INLET 2 | | Inlet 2 Step 4 | 80 | 1 |
| | | Inlet 2 Step 5 | 90 | 1 |
| | | Inlet 2 Over Open | 100 | 1 |
| | | Inlet 2 Over Bandwidth | 5.0°F (3.0°C) | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) |
| | | Inlet 2 Drop | OFF | ON/OFF |
| | TIMER ON (SEC.) | On Time | 60 | 0 to 900 seconds |
| | TIMER OFF (MIN.) | Off Time | 6 | 0 to 20 minutes |
| MIST | | Offset | 8.0 °F (7.0°C) | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) |
| | | Differential | 2.0 °F (1.0°C) | `````````````````````````````````````` |
| | | Humidity Turn Off | 75 | 40 to 90 RH%, OFF |

| | Position | Parameter A↑ B↓ | Factory Setting | Range of Values |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| HEAT 1 | OFFSET/DIFF. | Heater 1 Offset | 3.0 °F (3.0°C) | -10.0 to 20.0°F (-5.5 to 11.0°C) |
| | | Heater 1 Differential | 2.0 °F (1.0°C) | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) |
| HEAT 2 | | Heater 2 Offset | 3.0 °F (3.0°C) | -10.0 to 20.0°F (-5.5 to 11.0°C) |
| | | Heater 2 Differential | 2.0 °F (1.0°C) | 0.5 to 20.0°F (0.3 to 11.0°C) |
| | | Max. Diff. Prot. Bet. Zones | 7.5°F (4.0°C) | 5.0 to 40.0°F (3.0 to 22.0°C), OFF |
| ALARM | OFFSETS/ CRITICAL | Low Offset | 10.0 °F (6.0°C) | 0.5 to 40.0°F (0.3 to 20.0°C) |
| | | High Offset | 12.0 °F (7.0°C) | 0.5 to 40.0°F (0.3 to 22.0°C) |
| | | Critical High Alarm | 95.0 °F (30.0°C) | -40.0 to 120.0°F (-40.0 to 50.0°C) |
| | | Alarm Individual/All | ind. | ind./ALL |
| OUTSIDE TEMP. | OUTSIDE MIN./MAX. | Readout | | |
| | | Lo | — | -43.2 to 165.6°F (-41.8 to 74.3°C) |
| | | Hi | | |



NOTES

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